SEYMOUR DAILY REPUBLICAN.

VOLUME XXXIII NO. 273 SEYMOUR, INDIANA, MONDAY, OCTOBER 19, 1908. PRICE TWO CENTS

COMING OF TAFT

Will Spend Three Days in Indiana This Week.

Next Thursday morning William Howard Taft will come into Indiana to spend three days. He starts out of Cincinnati at 7 o'clock on the B. &. O. S. W., and first crosses the Fourth district. He makes six stops in this district and two of them are in Jackson county. He will speak at Lawrenceburg, Aurora, Osgood and North Vernon before he reaches Seymour. He is scheduled to reach here at 9:50 a. m., and his train will be run on time. He will speak here fifteen minutes and from here he goes to Brownstown where he will make another stop.

The c mmittees here are busy with arrangements and the best plans possible will be made. It is evident that a great crowd will be here for every body wants to see and hear the next president. They are also preparing for a great crowd at Brownstown. Since he makes two stops in our county most everybody in the county will have an opportunity to hear Mr. Taft.

Delegations from adjoining counties are coming. It is likely that good speakers will be on hand to address the crowds before the arrival and after the departure of the Taft special.

Cotton Moves Slow.

Hugh Brown, of the Blish Milling Company, returned home Saturday afternoon from a two weeks' business trip through the south. He reports business a little slow through the south largely on account of the fact that but little cotton is moving and that at a price very greatly reduced from what it was some months ago. The labor troubles in England have decreased the demand there for cotton very materially and this fact is having a telling effect on the market here. When cotton was selling at 14 cents a number of the big producers in Texas and elsewheae held their crop for 15 cents. Now much of this surplus is being thrown on the market along with the new crop and the low prices are affecting every line of business.

Ladies I have taken the agency from the inventor of the latest method of cutting. Those wishing to learn please call. MRS. SHUTTERS.

19 21-24d&w

DIED.

McGINTY:—Miss Kate McGinty, daughter of Mrs. Mary McGinty, and niece of Mr. and Mrs. Anthony McGinty, of this city, died Sunday morning at 1:20 at their home at Cincinnati after an illness of eleven days with typhoid-pneumonia. Miss McGinty was well known in this city where she frequently came to visit relatives. She was a telegraph operator for the Big Four railway at the office at Wood street, Cincinnati, and had been in the same position for several years. She had a great many friends and acquaintances among telegraph operators. Besides her mother she leaves two sisters and a brother all of whom live in Cincinnati. Miss McGinty had been in good health preceding her recent illness and her friends here are pained to learn of her death. The remains will be brought to this city on No. 1 at noon Tuesday and taken direct to the Catholic cemetery where they will be buried beside her father and a sister who have preceded her.

Political Gossip.

Hon. W. J. Beck, of Columbus, is expected to speak with Hon. J. A. Cox at Armory Hall tonight.

† † †

It is announced that Hon. W. S. Kenworthy, of Iowa, and Hon. Henry Rose Danner, of New York, will speak here Thursday before the arrival and after the departure of the Taft special.

† † †

Keep in mind that Senator W. O. Bradly, the eloquent Kentucky statesman will speak here on Tuesday afternoon, October 27.

R. R. Short, of Redding township, republican nominee for county treasurer, was in the city this afternoon on business and spent some time in looking after his political fences. Mr. Short is well qualified for the office and if elected the affairs of the office will be conducted for the best interests of the tax payers of Jackson County. You can't miss it.

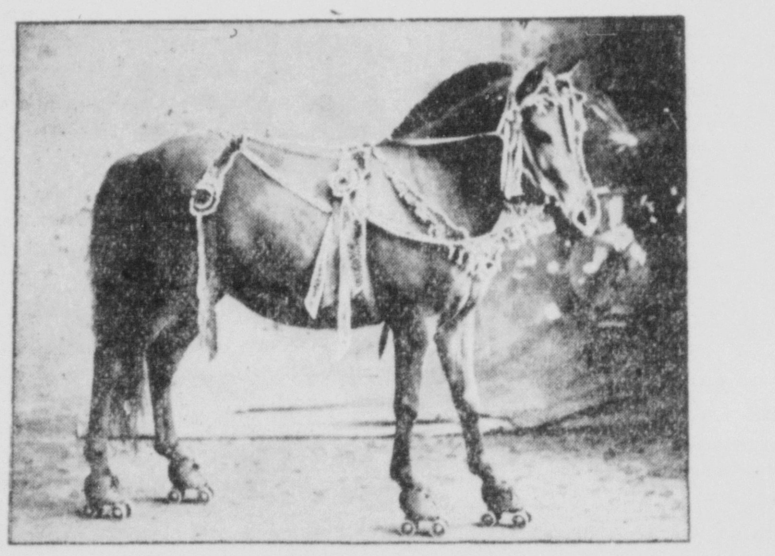
The democrats of Scottsburg are making an effort to get up a crowd of fifty to have a special car run to Louisville Tuesday afternoon to attend the Bryan meeting at that place. It seems now that Bryan will not pass over this division of the Pennsylvania line during the present campaign.

Miss Lou VanHorn has returned Ohio from where she accompanied the remains of her mother. She stopped in Indianapolis on her way back for a brief visit.

TONIGHT

BABY RUTH, Skating Pony

¶Will be the attraction at the Skating Rink Monday, Tuesday and Wednesday, Oct. 19, 20, 21.



Baby Ruth will fill a three days' appointment here. Baby Ruth and Master Frank will do a musical turn which is a most remarkable performance. Baby Ruth plays the guitar while Master Frank beats an accompaniment on a snare drum.

"Absolutely the best attraction of the kind in the world."
—Nashville American

"Baby Ruth is the Eighth Wonder."—Louisville Times

"The Skating Horse is simply wonderful. She skates with as great ease as a fancy skater."—Courier Journal

"The best attraction before the public. Too much cannot be said of the satisfaction that Baby Ruth gives wherever she goes."
—Chicago American

We have her with us for three nights. Doors open at 7:00 p. m. Performance promptly at 8:30

Admission 10 Cts, Skates 15 Cts

Birthday Surprise.

A pleasant surprise was given at the home of Mr. and Mrs. A. T. Sweany, of near Chestnut Ridge, Sunday Oct. 18th when eight of their children and a few relatives went in with well filled baskets and reminded Mrs. Sweany that it was her 55th birthday. At 12 o'clock dinner was served. The table was weighted down with good things to eat. All of their children and grand children were present except Mrs. Alice Wilkom who lives in North Dakota. Those present were Mr. and Mrs. E. E. Stillabower and family and Miss Flossie Sweany of Columbus, Ind., Mr. and Mrs. Roscoe Sweany and family of Underwood, Ind., Mr. and Mrs. John Sweany and family of Chestnut Ridge Ind., Mrs. Anna Montgomery and family and Mrs. Edgar Otto and family of Seymour, Ind., Charles and Gordon Sweany who are at home with their parents. A nephew Sheridan Sweany and family, of Crothersville, and Mrs. R. D. Steach of Chestnut Ridge were also present. Mrs. Sweany received many beautiful and useful presents. The day was very pleasantly spent. The Sweany brothers furnished plenty of music. At five o'clock lunch was served after which the guests numbering thirty-two in all, departed for their homes wishing Mrs. Sweany many more happy birthdays.

Statement.

Mrs J. J. Jenks of the Volunteers of America was here last week and asked this paper to publish the statement made by herself and her husband who have been working here and at Columbus since the Salvation Army officers quit the field. She says they have received $190.85. The debts assumed here amounted to $105 and the same have been paid and rents have been paid in advance. They came upon the field July 1 and since that time they report 19 conversions, sick visited 75, families assisted with provisions 30, with clothing 25, hours spent in visiting 105. They hold services in the jail at Columbus every Sunday, conduct gospel services during the week and distribute literature published by the Volunteers. They are ready for the enrollment of their new Volunteers. They express their gratitude to those who have contributed to their work and make this statement that contributors may know what they are doing.

How to Cure Skin Diseases.

The germ and their poisons must be drawn to the surface of the skin and destroyed. Zemo will do this and cure any case of skin or scalp disease no matter from what cause of of how long standing. Write for sample. E. W. Rose Med. Co., St. Louis, Mo. See photos of cures in window or showcase display at A. J. Pellens drug store.

Entertained.

Mrs. Blish Tompson entertained a company of friends at bridge Saturday afternoon at her beautiful home on north Walnut street in honor of Miss Dorothy Sandau. The afternoon was one of genuine pleasure to all of the invited guests.

S. S. Meeting.

The officers and teachers of the First Baptist Sunday School will meet at the church Tuesday evening at 7:30 o'clock to consider some matters of importance to the school.

JAY C. SMITH, Supt.

TONIGHT

Our Candidate For Congress Speaks at Armory Hall.

Hon. James Alfred Cox, the republican candidate for Congress in the Fourth district, will address the Taft and Watson Club tonight at Armory Hall at 7:30. He is a gifted speaker and never disappoints an audience. Go and hear him tonight. Everybody is invited.

This will be the first meeting of the Taft and Watson Club which was organized last Thursday night. Every republican in this vicinity should be a member of this club. If your name is not on the roll go tonight and put it there. Get busy and keep busy until the night of November 3.

Attend the meeting tonight. The speech by Mr. Cox will please you.

Special Mention.

The current issue of the Talking Machine World has something to say of John Vande Walle, of this city, who has been the agent of the Victor for several years. It says:

"Speaking of Victor enthusiasts it is safe to say there are few in the county to compare with John Vande Walle, of Seymour, Ind., whose strong left arm we produce herewith showing the famous Victor trade mark, "His Master's Voice," which was tattooed on his arm about seven years ago. It is so novel that we take the liberty of reproducing it as we feel sure it will interest the entire trade."

A half tone picture of Mr. Vande Walle's arm is printed showing the trade mark very plainly.

Colt Show.

Some nice colts were shown at the colt show at Hopewell's livery stable Saturday. The colts were sired by "Charley G," the horse owned by a company of men of Seymour and vicinity. The first premium was won by J. B. Love's colt, the second by George Keller's and the third by Ed Miller's. The premiums were $15, $10 and $5. Dr. Applegate of this city and Holmes Robertson acted as judges. Quite a number of farmers and others were present to witness the show.

Series R Still Open.

The new series of Cooperative Building and Loan stock is one of the largest ever started by this vigorous Association. In order to make it the largest, the books will be held open for the next three weeks to receive stock. See the secretary, Thos. J. Clark, opera house block. o28mwf

I. O. O. F. Excursion.

Special Excursion to Greensburg, Oct. 20, 1908, via the Southern Indiana and Big Four railroads. Leave Seymour at 8:45 a. m. Returning leave Greensburg at 4:10 p. m. and arrive at Seymour at 5:35 p. m. Fare $1 for round trip.

Missionary Meeting.

The Woman's Home Missionary Society of the M. E. Church, will meet Tuesday, October 20, at 2:30 p. m. with Mrs. Effie DeGoyler 218 West Second St.

MRS. KELSA BOTTORFF, Secy.

DeWitt's Little Early Risers, the famous little liver pills. They arl small, sure safe pills. Sold by all druggists.

Majestic Theatre

Two Nights, Wednesday and Thursday, Oct. 21-22

THE LYCEUM AMUSEMENT CO.
PRESENTS
Talking Pictures
—AND—
High Class Vaudeville

The most novel entertainment ever presented to the people of this city. Two shows each evening, 7:45 and 9:00 p. m. Box office open at 7:00 o'clock. Prices 10 and 20 cents.

Cars Crowded.

Many of the cars on the interurban lines were crowded again Sunday afternoon and the aisles were jammed with passengers. Strangers from every direction were in and out of the city during the day. Scores of people from Columbus were in this city during the afternoon and evening and there were passengers from Seymour for almost every stop along the line apparently from Indianapolis to Louisville. These included Farmington, Chestnut Ridge, Langdon, Crothersville, Scottsburg, Sellersburg, Columbus, and many of the intervening towns and cross roads. Many went to various cross road stops to spend the afternoon in the country hunting nuts or visiting friends. Scottsburg probably drew the largest number of passengers from here on account of the fire. One of the most heavily loaded cars was the one that came in from Louisville at 5:46. Most of these were picked up at Scottsburg and points between here and there.

Promoted Again.

According to the St. Louis Star and Chronicle of Thursday Bert N. Edmondson, formerly passenger agent of the Baltimore & Ohio Southwestern railroad in St. Louis, is to be promoted again to be city ticket agent in St. Louis, succeeding L. L. Horning, who in turn succeeds J. E. Buchanan as city passenger agent. Mr. Edmondson joined the Baltimore & Ohio Southwestern service in 1893 as night ticket agent at Seymour, was promoted in 1901 as chief clerk to the diversion engineer at Vincennes, was promoted to be ticket agent at Springfield, Illinois, in 1902, and the same year was promoted again to be passenger agent at St. Louis. He is a son of Mrs. John W. Hudson, of this city, and was formerly a clerk in the Bedford postoffice.—Bedford Democrat.

Funeral.

The funeral of Edwin Anderson occurred Sunday afternoon at two o'clock at the residence of Mr. and Mrs. Ben Carter at Fourth and Vine streets. Quite a number of the relatives and friends of the family were in attendance. After the funeral exercises the remains were placed in the vault at Riverview cemetery. The burial will occur some time Tuesday afternoon.

Landed At Blarney.

Miss Martha Branaman has a card from her sister, Miss Frances Branaman, stating that the ocean steamship she was on had landed at Blarney, Ireland, after a severe storm at sea. She said they would proceed from there to Hillarny.

Valuable Pearl.

Ross Loper, of Pleasant Grove, found a valuable pearl near Shieldstown recently for which he has refused an offer of $800. This is perhaps the most valuable find of the kind ever made in the county.

Miss Grace Love has returned from Indianapolis where she went on account of the sickness of her brother. She reports him slightly improved.

Fine Show.

The next attraction at the Majestic will be Wednesday and Thursday nights this week and it will be by the Lyceum Amusement Company. About this company the Union City Times says:

"Last night the Lyceum Amusement Co. opened to a fair sized audience at the Union Grand Theatre and they gave one of the best attractions that has ever been given for the money in the house. The talking pictures were a novelty for this city and held the audience spellbound throughout.

"The vaudeville acts, put on by Miss Mandina Hubbard, Wendall Phelps and Harry Jones, were far above the average and brought forth applause time and again from the audience.

"They will open tonight promptly at 8:15 and every seat in the house should be taken at 10 and 20 cents.

Lost to Louisville.

In the foot ball game Saturday afternoon at Louisville between the Seymour high school boys and the Louisville high school boys the Kentucky youngsters won by a score of 56 to 0. The Seymour boys put up a good game but were clearly outclassed. The Louisville boys are heavier and have had more training and were therefore able to keep the local team from scoring. But the Seymour boys are not discouraged. They knew they were going up against a strong and well trained team and they are all the stronger for having played the game.

It is Creating a Wonderful Stir Here.

People all over the town are talking about the wonderful good Root Juice is doing in this community, as it has made many remarkable cures during the past few months. A well known lady who for social reasons does not want her name published, said: "I had been in poor health for several years. The doctors gave me medicine for catarrh of the stomach, gastric ulcers, indigestion, dyspepsia and stomach troubles generally, but I derived no benefit. My appetite was variable—sometimes hungry as a wolf, then sickening at the mere thought of food. I was subject to dizzy spells and sick headache. I was thin, weak, despondent and nervous, and had to take some kind of medicine all the time on account of my badly constipated condition. A lady friend told me that she had suffered very much as I did, but that Root Juice had completely cured her, so I concluded to try it, and before I had used the first bottle I was rapidly improving in every way. I continued taking the truly great medicine about six weeks, and if there is anything the matter with me now I don't know it. I now enjoy my food and digest it. I sleep well. I am no longer constipated, weak or nervous, and have plenty of flesh and strength." Such good reports of the great medicine are being heard all over town. It is sold for one dollar a bottle or three bottles for two dollars and a half. Those who are interested can learn of many of the wonderful things it is doing by going to W. F. Peter's drug store.

Richart
The Shoe Man

'Tis a fate to fit the feet, we are feet fitters. We are now showing the most nifty and up-to-date line of Eclipse Shoes we have ever shown.

You can find them in all leathers, Patent Kid, Patent Colt, Ox Blood, Tan, Gunmettle, French Calf, Valorus Calf, Box Calf, Glaze Kangaroo, Glaze Colt and Vici Kid. You will find all to be perfect fitters and where a shoe fits there is lots of comfort, especially in

Richart's Shoes
Opposite Interurban Station, Seymour, Indiana

SEYMOUR DAILY REPUBLICAN

SMITH & REMY, Pu lishers.

SEYMOUR. - - INDIANA.

Ever notice how narrow-minded most people are who argue with you?

What the average man likes about a girl's peek-a-boo waist is his arm.

Turn flattery wrong side out and you have slander.

A New York woman went to see a seer, after which she could not see'r $2,700. Sere days these.

Living in the same house with an inordinately clever person is worse than a steady diet of Cayenne pepper.

A play entitled "The Cloven Foot" is being brought out. If it is a success we may expect "The Barbed Tail."

Once at the top of the ladder and everyone will give you a boost; but it's a mighty different matter half way up.

In order to keep up the supply of billiard balls several hundred elephants have to be killed every year. Billiards is an expensive game.

The mayor of a Porto Rican town is in jail charged with arson, showing that this country has not quite reached the limit in mayors yet.

Harriman explains that he is trying to save the railroads. The trouble, as a great many people understand it, is that he is trying to save them for Harriman.

A woman of 108 attributes her long life to the fact that she never has worn corsets. Most members of her sex will consider a corsetless life a waste of time.

A treasury official says there is only one bad dollar in every 150,000 in circulation. And generally it lands in the pocket of a man who hasn't the other 149,999.

Prince Helle announces that his bride has an income of $360,000 a year, which he thinks will be enough for them to get along on. He must intend to let his creditors continue to wait.

The author of a new religion has written seven commandments to take the place of the original ten. Probably he has dropped three that he thinks no one would keep any way—but why only three?

Many good people will agree with the National Educational Association when in resolutions adopted at the Cleveland convention it expressed the hope "for such a change in public sentiment as will permit the reading and study of the English Bible" in the public schools.

In view of the terrible losses by the last Fourth of July celebration, the city of Cleveland determined that it will have no more bloody Independence days. The common council passed an ordinance prohibiting the use of firearms and fireworks on the Fourth of July. May the example spread.

Persons who wear orange-colored garments are supposed to be less susceptible to heat than those wearing other colors. To test the theory, the war department is having five thousand suits of underwear colored orange for the use of soldiers in the Philippines. An orange hat lining is also being prepared, that the heads as well as bodies of the men may receive whatever benefit there may be in the color.

The British House of Lords amended the old-age pension bill, but when the Comomns rejected the amendments, the Lords passed the bill in the form in which it was sent to them. The aged British poor over seventy years of age will soon receive pensions of varying amounts, according to their income. The sums are fixed by a sliding scale which forms a part of the bill. Now the statesmen will devote themselves to finding money to pay the pensions. It will require thirty million dollars a year to start with, and is likely to need from fifty to a hundred millions within a decade.

The increasing demand for labor makes the Congo State a center of interest to the world. But no one wants rubber extorted by the lash and by mutilation. No one believes that any such system is necessary. It is a mistake to think that the African negroes are lazy. After their fashion they are energetic, but most of their labor is wasted in vain efforts. It seems reasonable that a mild and intelligent administration will produce much more rubber and will not only benefit the natives, but cheapen the article. The American concessions stand, and these are vast, but they will be under the supervision of the Belgian government and we shall have no more brutality by wholesale. The Belgians are an intelligent race, fully competent to solve this great problem.

New York society in the aggregate has been made to suffer reproach for the sins of a few of the uncultured and self-indulgent wealthy. Most people who know society in New York, Cleveland and Pittsburg, cities which have recently been sensationalized by the social errors of the reckless rich, would say that the majority of people in what are described as "exclusive" circles are well ordered, quiet, intelligent people. Still, Dr. Lee states the true principle in saying that the wealthy and influential are under a special obligation on account of the conspicuous position which makes their example for good or bad contagious. Ethically the duty of upright living is the same for rich and poor. Socially there is the difference that the rich and eminent are of necessity more widely observed and closely copied. They loosen the bonds of behavior among many if they present the excuse of bad example. New York society is not as careless as it is painted, but all "fashionable" coteries could be improved by strict ostracism of those who do not follow the rules of social morality.

Canada has had its troubles with undesirable immigrants and has adopted restrictive measures for the purpose of keeping them out. As to the effect of the new regulations an Ottawa dispatch says: "The figures just issued relating to emigration to Canada from Great Britain go to show that the restrictions recently imposed by the Canadian government on those who seek to come and settle in this country are becoming increasingly effective as the season progresses. For the six months ending June 30 last there were 42,102 persons of the immigrant class to enter Canada, against 92,243 during the corresponding period last year." But these figures prove too much. What they plainly show is a check in the tide due to industrial conditions such as we have had here. During the fiscal year ending in 1907, when we admitted 1,285,349 immigrant aliens, the number turned back under our restrictive laws was only 13,064. All possible prohibitions would amount to nothing by comparison with an era of hard times. In the latest bulletin of our bureau of immigration there is an instructive showing on this point from the statistics for the month of July. More than a score of causes for debarring immigrants are given, and the number debarred for July, 1908, was 535. But an adjoining table shows that the number of immigrants admitted during the month was 27,570, and that in a comparison with July, 1907, there was a most remarkable change to note, a change that makes the number of persons debarred seem very insignificant. Owing to unfavorable industrial reports there was a decrease of nearly 70,000 in July, 1908, from the figures for July, 1907. The only country of any importance that did not help swell the decrease was British North America, not a strange exception, seeing that the two countries lie side by side, have much intercourse along the border and feel the ups and downs of trade at the same time. On the other hand, our immigration from England fell off by one-half and the immigration from Italy was just about one-eighth of what it was a year ago. We escape the care of helpless invalids and paupers by restrictions, keep out contract laborers and criminals, but the great masses of immigrants do not feel the restrictions at all. They will come here or stay away as the prospect for work may determine. The only laws that would affect them would be general exclusion laws.

THE MODERN HAT.

Its Serious Defects from the Hygienic Point of View.

The size, the style and incidentally the cost of women's hats, says a writer in the Berliner Umschau, have taken up so much of the time of the people who make hats a study that they have not had a moment to devote to the head covering of the sterner sex. Considered from the hygienic point of view little fault can be found with the hats of our sisters, although some of them, when viewed through the glass of reason, are unthinkable. But men's hats are faulty from the physician's point of view, and a wider knowledge of the defects of the modern hat would add to the already large army of bare-headed men. In order to demonstrate which hats should be avoided, a perfectly healthy man was placed where the rays of the sun could strike him directly. He wore while taking the sun bath various kinds of hats for a period of fifteen minutes each. Every hat contained in the crown a thermometer, and these recorded as follows: The one in the panama hat 77 degrees, the straw sailor 81, the silk hat 89, the felt hat 95 and the black hat and yachting cap 99 and 100 degrees respectively.

American and German Forests.

American forests, according to the experts of the Department of Agriculture, are capable of yielding more wood to the acre, if well handled, than the noted forests of Germany, many of which net their owners from $2.50 to $6 or more per acre annually. Not only are our native forests richer in valuable timber trees, but our climate and soil conditions are more favorable. The trouble is not that our trees do not grow fast enough, but that our ignorance and carelessness have left our woodlands poorly stocked.

The German forester sees to it that his forest is uniform and dense. To grow a full crop of wood, as to grow a full crop of grass or corn, there must be a full stand. Next in importance is the rate of growth of the trees. The species most grown abroad are Norway spruce, Scotch pine and silver fir for soft woods, and beech and oak for hard woods. In German forests of the first quality Norway spruce attains in sixty years an average diameter of 9.1 inches.

Every woman who hears of a baby's death believes that if they had sent for her, she would have thought of something that would have saved it.

FARMS AND FARMERS

Demand for Trained Farmers.

The last ten years has seen an enormous increase in the demand for men trained in agricultural lines. The number of such men has enormously increased, but the demand is not yet supplied.

Many of us can look back twenty years to the time when untrained men were at the head of agricultural instruction in most of our agricultural colleges. These men had to be employed because they were the best that could be found.

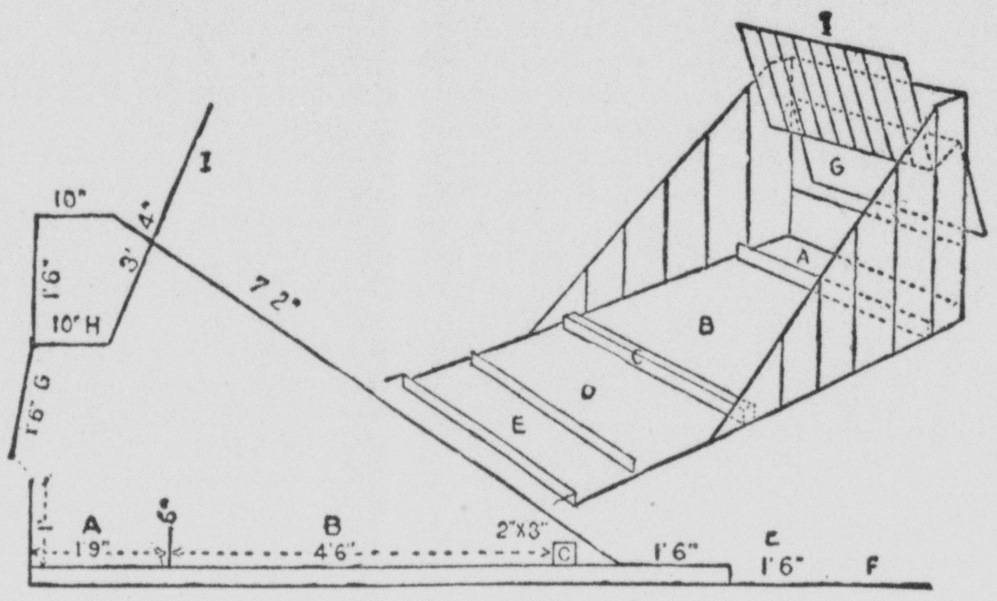
One man who rose to be the chief dairy instructor in a State afterwards went to a dairy school and took a full course, showing that he felt that he had something to learn, even though he himself had been an instructor.

To-day we are getting the result of the past twenty years of training in the agricultural schools and their dependencies, the dairy schools. The men at the head of the departments to-day are vastly superior in training to the men that occupied the same positions twenty years ago. They have not only learned all that their instructors knew, but have dug up other facts and have assimilated the new facts dug out by other people in all parts of the world.

But where there were few positions to be filled twenty years ago, there are thousands of places to be filled to-day. There are more schools and all of them are larger. Moreover, private enterprises are levying toll on the young trained men going out of the agricultural schools and experiment stations.

Another twenty years will possibly show as great an advance as have the past twenty.—Agricultural Epitomist.

SANITARY COW STALL.



Cattle of different ages must be provided for in constructing a row of stalls. Even when all are mature animals, the larger ones will require a few inches more standing room than the shorter ones. The stall at one end can be made six inches longer than the stall at the other end. A slope of one inch from manger to gutter is necessary for drainage. The illustration shows the dimensions of the several parts. A, manger; B, platform; C, adjustable piece; D, where cow's hind feet rest; E, gutter.

Save the Rotten Trees.

When the trunks of cherry trees have started to decay probably the best way of checking it is to clean out the dead wood, paint the wound thoroughly with whitewash, or, better yet, with Bordeaux mixture, and then cover the whole wound with grafting wax or clay, so as to keep the water out. While this may not result in an entire healing over of the bad wounds, it will probably stop the decay, and make the trees last longer than they would if left without treatment. Don't be afraid to remove all the rotten wood, as it adds nothing to the strength of the tree and has a tendency to promote rot in the new tissues. It is quite likely that this rot started in the tunnel of a borer and has gradually spread until it is serious.

Resting the Land.

Where an area of land has been very severely overgrazed in the past it will be absolutely necessary that it be very carefully pastured for the first two or three years. The native grasses and forage plants must have a chance to regain their former vigor and go to seed. A very large number of stockmen advocate resting the land—that is, keeping all stock off a period of three or four years. That this remedy will bring about the desired results has been definitely proved in numerous instances.—J. S. Cotton.

Wheat Long Buried.

Wheat in a high state of preservation was found at the reservoir excavation by workmen a few days ago. This is on the lot where the Eisenmayer mills were located. The mill was destroyed by fire about twenty-two years ago, and many bushels of wheat were wholly burned or partially scorched. It is, therefore, quite interesting to find wheat buried in the ground so many years and yet is found to be in as good condition as it was twenty-two years ago, shortly after the fire.—Trenton Sun.

Red Clover and Alsike.

Where it will grow, medium red clover is ordinarily the best variety to grow. To grow simply for a green manure crop mammoth clover is better. It is also better to sow with timothy on thin land. On such land the stems will not be coarser than the stems of the medium variety on rich land, and it ripens at the same time as timothy. Alsike is the clover for wet land.

Forcing Canteloupes.

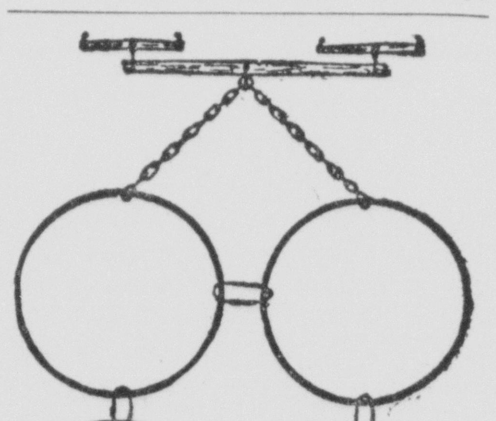
The experiment of growing cantaloupes under muslin canopies so that they may be ready for the market two or three weeks before those grown in the ordinary way has been successfully made in California. The cantaloupes were planted in the usual manner, so far as hilling and spacing were concerned, but over each hill there was stretched a canopy of white muslin about the size of a man's pocket handkerchief. Two arched wires were used, crossed over the melon hill somewhat like the center wicket in a croquet ground. The ends of these wires were sewed to the corners of the muslin squares and the wires then thrust firmly into the ground so as to secure the canopies and prevent the wind blowing them away. These protectors cost complete about 8 cents each. The melons responded to the genial warmth thus engendered and the protection from the winds and frost.

Protect the Birds.

A French naturalist asserts that if the world were to become birdless man could not inhabit it after nine years' time, in spite of all the sprays and poisons that could be manufactured for the destruction of insects. The bugs and slugs would simply eat up our orchards and crops. Indeed, the more we study the various adjustments and arrangements by which the business of the natural world about us is carried on, the better disposed we should be to distrust our ability to improve upon the present executive management of this great terrestrial planet.—Boston Evening Transcript.

New Form of Drag.

The illustration shows a drag made with four old wagon tire irons, the two front ones being heavier than the rear ones. If the ground is very lumpy better work can be done by wiring a log on the front tires. The drag is inexpensive and will be found useful under certain conditions.



To Kill Cut Worms.

In India the formula used by the government for poisoning cutworms is 4 pounds of white arsenic and 8 pounds of sugar, in 6 gallons of water, used to moisten 80 pounds of fine-chopped straw. Small quantities are dropped at the bases of plants.

News of the Grange.

The new $4,000 hall at Bristol, N. H., was dedicated by the Newfoundland grange.

Granges in many of the Eastern States are building fine halls for meeting places.

There are now 418 subordinate granges in Maine, with a membership of between 56,000 and 57,000. Ten new grange halls were dedicated during the past year, making eighty-nine halls owned by granges in the State. The total cash receipts of the secretary's office were $11,274.

The National Grange is working on a broad plan of co-operation and the results are promising. The national officers are studying all questions on the subject very carefully, and when the time comes to act they will be in a position to avoid many of the mistakes of organizations that started out well but fell by the wayside.

FINGERS FOR PATRIOTISM

Seventeen Corean Students Sacrificed Them For Their Country.

Over in Corea, where the rebellion of a few thousand natives against the harsh rule of the Japanese has brought upon them at the hands of their masters a deliberate war of extinction, patriotism runs in weirdly Oriental channels. How it was that seventeen students of Pungho showed their devotion to country by each cutting off one finger as a memorial offering on the altar of the land's departed freedom recently appeared in translation from the Dai Han Mai Il Shimpo, a Corean paper edited by an Englishman in Seoul.

It was this translation which was entered as an exhibit in recent court proceedings against this same Englishman, one E. T. Bethell, who through a vernacular and an English newspaper has been causing the Japanese all sorts of trouble. The Japanese Resident-General recently had Bethell up for trial before the British Resident for violation of a British order of council prohibiting an Englishman from printing seditious matter in a foreign country. On the strength of his article about the fingerless students and others of like nature Bethell was imprisoned and fined by the court of his own country.

Here is the seditious article in all its wealth of exotic eastern phraseology:

How great is the finger blood of the seventeen students! How brilliant is the finger blood of the seventeen students! At this blood we gesticulate, at this blood we dance for joy. All feeling Coreans, men and women, you should gesticulate and dance at this blood. At this blood we sing and at this blood we wail. All men and women in Corea who have the power of tears, you should sing and wail at this blood.

What blood is the finger blood of the seventeen students? It is the blood of patriotism, it is the blood of public spirited indignation, it is the blood of anxiety for the times, it is the blood of madness? How brilliant is the finger blood of the seventeen students!

A few days ago a traveller from Hamheung came into our office with tears streaming from his eyes, recounting minutely the history of the seventeen students' blood. This is what he said: On the fifteenth of the first moon, spring having returned to the northern continent, when the moon was full, over fifty students of the Pochang School of Pungho village, in the district of Hamheung, assembled together, singing a song of patriotism. The subject of speechmaking was "The Heart Which Preserves the Home Should Be Transferred to the Country."

Their feelings, touched by the scenery, and the terrible end to which things had come having increased their resentment, they burst forth into sobs and consoled and exhorted each other in words of sorrow and pain. Seventeen of them overcome by their fervent feelings pointed to the blue skies and make a vow, saying:

"We will certainly recover our Corea. We will certainly take back our mountains and rivers of 3,000 li and we will certainly add lustre to our history of 4,000 years."

So saying they each cut off one of their fingers with the swords they were wearing and with the drops of blood they wrote a covenant.

How great is the blood of these seventeen students! How extraordinary is the finger blood of these seventeen students!

We dare to praise this finger blood as a harbinger of freedom and a forerunner of civilization and a flower of the world of education. Students! Students! You should take good care of yourselves.

What heroes have left glorious monuments in history except through blood? Sinkwang, for instance, cut his elbow in the earnestness of his seeking after truth. Isapu, out of his devotion to religion, cut his neck. Oki cut off his arm in the zeal to attain fame, while his enthusiasm to serve his country made Akpi dye his hair black.

Nothing can be done without blood. The bowels should therefore be filled with blood, the eye should always shed tears of blood; the body should bathe in blood—in river and seas of blood—and the hearts should be polished by contact with mountains and rocks of blood. In this way the people will become a people of blood and this country a country of blood. Then there will appear national heroes of greatness and grandeur. The finger blood of the seventeen students will look insignificant for a nation of 20,000,000 Coreans.

FORTUNES ON TREES.

Orchards in the Northwest Which Yield Profits of $1,000 an Acre.

In the Rogue River valley in southern Oregon F. H. Hopkins in 1907 made a profit of $19,000 off sixteen acres of winter Nells pears—$1,187.50 per acre, says the Technical World. In the same valley G. H. Hover bought ten acres of pear orchard at $560 an acre. Fifteen months later the crop brought him $9,600.

Eight years ago J. L. Dumass set out fifty acres of apples near Dayton in the Walla Walla district of southeastern Washington. In the summer of 1907 he bought fifty acres of apple orchard adjoining the property at an investment of $18,000. The apples he picked from these fifty acres that season sold for $16,000 and the total crop from the hundred acres realized $52,000—a return to the owner of $40,000.

A climate and soil that are capable of rearing such monsters as the redwood trees and the sequoias, which render measurements of vegetable growth in other regions of this country puny and scant, account in part for these bewildering figures.

But there are obscure valleys, narrow and diminutive, mere pockets, between huge mountains, where in the past no plant worthy of cultivation has found so much as a foothold. And it is in many just such spots as these that the returns are the hugest. Irrigation, in such cases, is the remaining factor that explain the mystery.

The same magazine tells a remarkable story of the success of two women who tried farming in England. They began with five acres in Berkshire, but found they had too much land, so they cut down their holdings to less than half that amount.

The teachers of the women were a French gardener and his family, who, with an acre of land in France, sold $2,500 worth of produce in a year.

"In a bare ploughed field stands a square palisade of zinc plates enclosing about three-quarters of an acre," writes a visitor to the farm. "The ground is all covered with inverted bell glasses of the kind known in Europe as clochers. Under each bell at the time this writer visited the farm were five lettuces. Lettuces were growing around the bells and other vegetables sown broadcast were coming up everywhere. Every inch of the soil bears at least three crops a year, each of them anticipating the season and therefore producing fancy prices."

TIPPING IN BOHEMIA.

Even the Street Car Conductor Gets Tips—Pay for Privilege of Serving.

In the city of Prague a tip to the tramway conductor is considered the rigueur. The orthodox tip consists of but two heller, or two-tenths of a penny, yet as "strap hanging" is allowed for in considering the carrying capacity of the car the conductors should have got a goodly pocketful of the minimum coin by each day's end.

Tipping, it was ascertained in another of Bohemia's larger towns, is so fully recognized that the head waiter at a cafe pays a rent for his post, supplies all the journals for the coffee room and looks after the other waiters, and then makes an income larger than that of a university professor—all out of his tips.

After supper at one of the delightful open air cafes of the capital it was found that approximately one should give a half krone (fivepence) to the head waiter who took payment, twopence to the under waiter who brought the viands, and a halfpenny to the boy who brought—and even brought again as one glass was finisher—the beer.—London Chronicle.

The Average Man.

The average man is the greatest force in the world. He elects governments, he brings up the next generation. He is responsible for the history of his time, the destiny of his nation. To be sure the average man needs his leader, but it is he that does the work of the world just as the soldier does the fighting—under directions.

Who is the average man? Where does he live? What is he like?

It is a very interesting research. You delve into tables of statistics, you study the unflinching law of averages, you ransack official returns, and add to your knowledge your own observation—then you have an infallible guide to his cottage. And when you see him you know him right off.

He isn't the least handsome, this average man. He lives out in a cottage in a village or a small town, and he doesn't care two pins about his dress. If he discovered a crease in his trousers he wouldn't feel uncomfortable. His trousers bag at the knees. He smokes half an ounce of tobacco a day, which costs him twopence, and in the course of a year he quenches his thirst on various occasions with the aggregated aid of nearly three barrels of beer (over 100 gallons), and two to three gallons of spirits.—London Saturday Journal.

A Freak of Nature.

A remarkable freak of nature and a rare find from a geologist's point of view came to light on the farm of John R. Anderson, located a few miles from Latrobe, while Charles D. Fausold was digging a hole in the ground. The hole, about six feet square, was being put down through a bed of soft limestone, and one of the stones encountered, a piece of limestone about eight by six inches in dimensions, was accidentally struck upon the edge with a pick. It split open at the blow and inside was found a grapevine leaf. It was of an ordinary size, looking exactly as a leaf from a modern grapevine looks, and it was as green and as fresh and tender as though it had just been plucked from a vine. It withered as soon as it was exposed to the air and sun. The leaf was found in the centre of a fifteen-acre field of corn.—Philadelphia Record.

A STRANGE INCIDENT.

True Story of the Awe in Which Indians Held a Crucifix.

Among the soldiers who were engaged in fighting the Indians, in the campaign of which the Custer episode forms a part, were two young Irishmen who had been in the papal guard at Rome. Before they left for America, the Pope had given them his blessing and presented each of them with a gold crucifix, upon which the mystic beneficence of his prayers had fallen. One of these young men was with Custer when the general and all his followers went down before the ferocious onslaughts of the Indians. The other was with the company which was first to arrive upon the field.

The scene of the battle was indescribably horrible. The ghastly nude bodies of the dead lay about in a manner to sicken the soul. They had been stripped, scalped and mutilated according to the custom of the savages. The young Irishman wandered hopelessly about in this fearful charnel place, in despair of finding his friend. All at once he discovered a body neither scalped nor stripped but with its limbs decently composed as if by a kindly hand. He recognized it as that of his comrade. On the quiet breast lay the gold crucifix of the Pope, attached to the slender chain on which it had always been worn.

The squaws engaged in stripping the bodies had discovered the holy emblem hung about the young man's neck, and awed at the sight of it, had feared to wreak their usual horrors upon him. They had straightened his limbs and left him without the disfiguring marks of the tomahawk.

The friend of the dead man took the crucifix and a lock of his comrade's hair and sent them to the young martyr's mother in Ireland.

It was said by those who looked on that the Indians who spared the corpse because of the crucifix must have been those who had come under the training of the famous Father De Smet, since he had given the savages among whom he worked such a deep, though ignorant, reverence for the cross that they would never dare to maltreat a body on which it was found.

Notes from a Tailor.

"The average man has five pockets in his coat—two outside, two inside, and a ticket pocket," says a tailor. "There are, however, certain professions which render special pockets desirable.

"Most people know what a 'poacher's pocket' is, but how many have heard of a music pocket? Many professional singers have their overcoats fitted with such a receptacle. Usually they are placed in the back of the coat, just above the waist line, and will hold half a dozen pieces of music without crushing.

"Some detectives, too, have their business suits fitted with a handcuff pocket in the sleeve. The special advantage of this is that the manacles can be withdrawn unseen. When an obstreperous prisoner sees the officer's hand seeking a pocket, he knows what is coming, and acts accordingly. But with the special pocket the 'bracelets' are out and snapped on his wrists before he can resist.

"One of my customers makes a point of having his trousers lined with leather from the knee downward. Why? Because a dog once bit him severely in the calf, and he doesn't want it to happen twice."

Right for Once.

In an argument upon modern philanthropy, of which, as it is usually conducted, he disapproves, Prof. Charles Zeublin of the University of Chicago had for opponent a charity expert. In the argument's course the expert pointed out a case where his society, stepping in with financial aid, unquestionably saved the lives of an entire family.

"Now what do you say to that?" the expert triumphantly demanded.

"Oh," grumbled Prof. Zueblin, "even modern philanthropy will do good sometimes. It is like the case of a West Side Mrs. Malaprop. The rain fell in torrents as she came out of church after the Lenten service the other afternoon, and she had no umbrella, and had not ordered her carriage.

"'How irrigating this is!' she exclaimed."

The Proud Widow.

"That famous editor and statesman, Charles Emory Smith," said a Philadelphia journalist, "was a modest man. He believed in modesty—even in journalism. He thought it paid no better for a newspaper than for a man continually to be bragging. I once drew up a prospectus for him. There were several blatantly boastful paragraphs in it, and Mr. Smith ran his pencil through them all.

"'If I let this go,' he said, 'it would be pretty nearly as bad as the epitaph that the young widow carved on her aged husband's tomb. This epitaph said:

"'Sacred to the memory of John James Greer, aged 84, who departed this life bitterly regretting that he must leave forever the most beautiful and best of wives.'"

Would Be Quite Enough.

"And would you marry me if I were a poor girl, working for a living?" asked the heiress.

"Darling," responded the accepted suitor, "it wouldn't be fair. You'd be doing enough in supporting yourself."

LOST TO WIN.

Inveterate Bettor Was Too Much for the Wary Colonel.

A lieutenant attached to one of the eastern forts gained a reputation for his unlimited betting on the slightest provocation. It was but a short time before he had nearly cleaned out all the members of the company to which he was attached. It was therefore with some relief that the members and officers saw him transferred to Kansas.

But the day before his arrival the colonel of the eastern fort wrote to his friend, the colonel of the Kansas fort, of the reputation and sharpness of the betting lieutenant, so that the western contingent were fully aware of what was coming.

Upon the day of his arrival he was cordially greeted, and the colonel remarked: "I understand you have somewhat of a reputation for betting in the East."

The lieutenant tried to belittle the statement, but as the colonel got insistent for details, the lieutenant said: "I'll bet you $50 that you have got something on your back." The colonel denied having anything on his back except his uniform. The lieutenant said: "I'll bet you $50 you have got two big red spots on your back, near your shoulder blades."

The colonel took him up quickly. The money was put in the hands of a brother officer. The lieutenant said that the colonel should strip to prove who was the winner, so off came the uniform even to the shirt. There was nothing on the colonel's back, and so the bet was lost by the lieutenant, who remarked: "Well, I lost that somehow." The colonel was tickled not a little, and the same night wrote his eastern colonel friend of the circumstances. Much was his surprise within a week to receive a brief letter, somewhat as follows: "Dear Colonel: That —— scamp of a lieutenant bet me $150 the day he left that he would have the shirt off your back before he was at the fort 24 hours."

Little Brain in Largest Skull.

The biggest skull ever known is that of a prehistoric dinosaur which was uncovered in Converse county, Wyoming, recently. The skull is now in the Peabody Museum of Yale. Prof. Peabody, who gave the curiosity to Yale, calls the animal a torosaurus, although it is of the dinosaur family. The skull is eight feet six inches long and is five feet eight inches in width. Yet, while the beast had a long head and a wide one it was in rather straitened circumstances so far as brains were concerned. The cavity for the mental equipment was of extraordinary smallness as compared with the size of the head. Prof. Peabody says that the brain might have been held easily in the hollow of a modern man's hand.

The torosaurus lived in what the scientists call the Mesozoic age, which is so far back beyond the dawn of history that it doesn't make a bit of difference to ordinary folks of to-day. He was fully 25 feet in length and he had a long horn on the end of his nose for fighting purposes. Yet, it seems that he was gentle and kind, as things went in those days. He did not prey on other beasts, but lived on leaves and palms.

The Captain Puts on a Necktie.

No matter how small the vessel nor how impecunious may be the skipper, says a Boston seaman, there is always a "boiled" shirt and a clean collar laid carefully away to be worn when the craft enters port. At sea the captain may be very rough in his attire, but the approach to land finds him combing his hair and cropping his whiskers, if he has any, and the collar is donned, also a necktie, which usually is a flamboyant red.

Even the poorest men who bring vessels to Boston to secure loads of lumber for South American ports dress as neatly as possible when the customs boarding officer is expected to come alongside to inspect the ship's papers.

And the mates slick up, too, when their floating home is nearing port so that the "old man," as the captain is familiarly termed behind his back, may not carry off all the honors of the occasion.

Super-Angelic.

George H. Lorimer, the author of "The Letters of a Self-Made Merchant to His Son," is no friend, as his writings show, to the high-flown. A practical man, Mr. Lorimer stakes his all upon practical things. Discussing social veneer at a mid-Lenten debate in Philadelphia, Mr. Lorimer said that in the education of girls the practical did not receive sufficient prominence.

"A young friend of mine in Cynwyd," said the shrewd humorist, "got married last month. He said to me the other day:

"'When I married Mamie I thought she was an angel. But,' he added, 'I soon found out my mistake.'

"'Disappointed?' I asked.

"'Disappointed? Nit!' he cried. 'I found she was a good cook.'"

The Natural Place.

"Many witticisms fell daily from the lips of our late King," said a Portuguese consul. "The King was, you know, a splendid shot. At a dinner the rather inferior shooting of an English visitor was praised, and someone said:

"'And Lord Gadabout, you know, sends everything he shoots to the hospitals.'

"The King laughed, and taking the long, black cigar from his lips, he said:

"'Naturally; since he never shoots anything but gamekeepers.'"

HE WAS REMEMBERED.

Young Woman Renews Her Acquaintance with Mr. Goldsmith.

A young lady entered a New York trolley recently, and her rich and elaborate toilet seemed to attract considerable attention. On the side of the car opposite her sat a neatly attired young man with very white hands, and an air generally suggestive of the clergy. He glanced at the fair vision in the corner from time to time in a reproachful manner.

She looked furtively at him from beneath her lashes and, with a pretty puckering of the brow, seemed trying to recall where she had met him. That his face was familiar was evident, and she concluded to end his misery by recognizing him. He was well dressed, and apparently well bred; so, turning with a little start of recognition, their eyes met, and she bowed stiffly.

He seemed delighted and, changing his seat to her side, said: "You are very kind to remember me."

"Oh, no," she replied, with an air of polite reserve; "I recall perfectly the occasion on which we met."

A few commonplaces followed, and, emboldened at his success, the gentleman said gravely, as he produced a card: "I hope you will permit me to call upon you again."

She glanced at the card, a wave of color swept over her face, and, the car stopping, she drew down her veil and bounced out with the swiftness of a tennis ball. The address upon the card was: "J. Goldsmith, chiropodist. Corns and bunions removed without pain."

Port of the Missing.

New York may well be called the "port of missing men and women." The number of persons who disappear from home and business every day is surprisingly large. According to police records there are many causes given, but the largest number of disappearances are due to domestic troubles. In the ranks of those who drop out of sight are many whose disappearance cannot be ascribed wholly to themselves. The police have to deal with so many cases of missing persons that they attach small importance to any case in which it is known that the man or woman who is missing is addicted to drink. There are many other cases which turn out to be elopements. The fear of parental displeasure is the cause of many young women and young men disappearing.

The ease with which persons may live in New York without having their whereabouts known makes the city a favorite refuge, not only for persons who disappear from other cities, but for many persons who find life distasteful in the surroundings to which they have become accustomed. Many of the disappearances of New York persons are found upon investigation to be cases in which the missing person has removed to a distant neighborhood within the city's limits. Sometimes a change of address to a place only a few blocks away has been sufficient to throw off the scent any persons interested in finding the one who has disappeared. Disappearances caused by business troubles seem to be more frequent in January than any other month.

King Edward's Jewels.

A good many of the King's personal jewels are kept under lock and key in rooms to which no one except the responsible official has access. In other words, it is quite a mistake to suppose that his majesty possesses a master key that will admit him to any part of his palaces at any time. The King has, of course, the right to command the attendance upon him of any member of the household, and to require him to unlock any door; but he does not borrow the key for the purpose of using it without the presence of the party most concerned, and no member of the royal family is permitted to encroach upon his prerogative in this respect.. If, for example, Prince Edward of Wales were staying at Frogmore House, and had a friend as his guest, he could not borrow any keys for the purpose of showing him round the castle, but would have to go through the regular form, and in some instances could not gain admission without a written order from the official responsible.

SOME THINGS TO THINK ABOUT.

Hydraulic presses are used in England for making seamless steel boat hulls.

The average daily consumption of eggs in New York City is two for each individual.

Prison records show that more female prisoners have previous records against them than males.

At a factory at Longmont, Cal., 40,000 cans are filled with peas every day. The work is done by machinery.

A Philosopher's Thought: If pretty women use beautifiers, what show have ugly women got if they use them?

The only sure preventive of cockroaches is absolute cleanliness. Garbage standing over night attracts them.

An island in Lake Superior has been stocked with caribou; Caribou island, so named because it formerly was noted as a home for the animals.

Tunnels in course of construction are now provided with medical air locks, where workmen afflicted with "bends" can be treated under pressure.

A company is now being organized in Germany with a preliminary capital of $125,000 to establish a line of passenger airships between the principal capitals of Europe, backed by the Krupps and by leading bankers.

COLORED DIAMONDS.

The Rarest as Well as the Most Beautiful Stones in the World.

The most beautiful of all precious stones is said to be the red diamond, notwithstanding the fact that we can scarcely conceive of a gem being more lovely than the translucent white diamond. Only a few of the red stones are known to exist, one of which, weighing 10 carats, now in possession of the Emperor of Russia, was bought by Emperor Paul for $100,000. Dark blue diamonds, differing from sapphires only in quality and in the beautiful play of colors peculiar to the diamond, are handsome gems. Besides the Bismarck and Hope diamonds, there are only two known specimens in the world that can properly be called blue diamonds. Black and rose colored diamonds are also rare; while the green varieties are not so uncommon. The grass green is scarce, and when it does occur, it is more brilliant than the finest emerald.

There are several varieties of green tinted diamonds at the Museum of Natural History at Paris; but the best known specimen is at Dresden, which is considered one of the five paragons of its kind.

The museum of Vienna contains the most perfect collection of colored diamonds. It is in the form of a bouquet, the different flowers being composed of diamonds of the same color as the flowers represented. These stones were collected by Vergil von Helmreicher, a Tyrolese, who had passed many years in Brazil among the diamond mines.

In early times the diamond was worn rough, or polished only on its upper surface. It was in this form that it was used to decorate temples, goblets, and crowns. Such stones are still esteemed far above others by the natives of India.

Among historic diamonds, one, the "Pigott," has gone out of existence. The story of its destruction is a tragic one. It was said to be worth $200,000. The diamond came into the possession of Ali Pasha, who always wore it in a green silk purse attached to his girdle. He was wearing it when he was wounded by Resnid Pasha. Knowing that his wound was mortal, he immediately retired to his divan, gave orders that his favorite wife should be poisoned, and then delivered the diamond to Capt. D'Anglas, with the order that it should be crushed to powder in his presence. His command was obeyed, and the beautiful gem was utterly destroyed.

THE SMALLEST SHIP.

Portuguese Jellyfish Which Has a Wonderful Tiny Sail.

The smallest ship that sails the seas is the little Portuguese man-o'-war that fearlessly puts up its tiny sail and navigates the wide ocean as skillfully and courageously as the biggest liner afloat. Christened Physalia Arethusa by Agassiz, it belongs to the jellyfish family, and is only found in tropical waters, but is seen in greater numbers in the South Atlantic than in either the South Pacific or the Indian ocean. That part of it which is under water looks like a bunch of badly tangled threads, and the sail is a soft tough membrane shaped like a clam shell, with the hinges down, and whitish blue in color. It can be furled or set by the creature at will, and is quite five inches across, and sometimes more.

The wise sailor lets this curious little living ship severely alone, for every dangling filament is charged with electricity and stings like a wasp. When touched by an unwary hand the results are very painful and often dangerous. The hand is attacked with darting pains, swells rapidly to twice its natural size, and as the inflammation spreads, the swelling extends up the arm, and blood poison is likely to set in unless the sufferer receives prompt medical attention. The deadly battery it carries is the man-o'-war's protection against voracious enemies. The porpoise, so eager for a breakfast of flying fish, gives it a wide berth, and the hungry albatross allows it to pass unchallenged. It has no other power of locomotion but the sail, and skimming along in the bright sunlight or almost as bright tropical moonlight on the surface of a calm sea, it looks like a child's toy boat rather than a living organism foraging for a meal.

Will Be Like Russian Peasants.

Professor Edward A. Ross of the University of Wisconsin is a very wise man and consequently when he makes a "statement" it is quite the proper thing for every one to sit up and listen attentively. His latest assertion, however, that "America is threatened with the appearance of a race of women like those of the peasant class of Russia" is perhaps just a bit too far-fetched to be readily believed. After quoting from statistics to show that one-third of the women of the country between the ages of 15 and 25 are engaged in industrial occupations, Professor Ross says:

"With many of them it is only temporary, but do you realize that for the few years they are at the loom or in the shop the conditions surrounding them are not shaped or influenced by anybody who has any interest in them.

"The truly feminine girl, the one of frailty and delicacy, will pass from our working classes. There will be a reversion to the type of masculine women, squat, flat-chested, broad-backed, low-browed creatures, working in the fields side by side with the men, the burdens of wifehood and motherhood coming but as an incident to a day of toil."

ATCHISON GLOBE SIGHTS.

It is always a hard job to jar a man loose from his money.

Almost every man is a better man than he is a husband.

Was there ever a lecturer who did not come well recommended?

Nearly every boy determines to whip his school teacher, when he grows up.

Better keep out of trouble; all your friends will do to help you is to say, "It's too bad!"

You can generaly go into a new store and tell whether it will succeed by the way things look.

Your average is the best you can do.

The truth is regarded by most people as an insult.

Some women can take a $10 bill, and buy clothes that look better than clothes other women pay $50 for.

We have seen lots of school teachers, but have yet to see one who was not looking for another job.

They talk of blushing brides. Their faces are red, not from blushing, but from wiping on new towels.

Marriage is a good deal like a circus: there is not as much in it as is represented in the advertising.

When a man is sick, you hear his women folks say a good deal about the difficulty of keeping him in bed.

After a man has been dead about three months, his wife begins to do something she has always longed to do.

It will always be possible to make a living without work as long as persons can be found who believe in palmistry.

What has become of the old-fashioned man who said: "It would require a Philadelphia lawyer to unravel that?"

A boy never learns to sing until after he has fallen in love. A boy who has never been smitten, thinks it "soft" to sing.

Our idea of a very mean man is one who finds fault with his wife's breakfast the morning after they are married.

After a woman has been married three weeks, she doesn't like to have her husband around the house in the daytime.

There probaby never was a man who could keep the astonished look out of his face when his wife tells white lies to company.

BITS OF SCIENCE.

The largest flower in the world is the raffesia of Sumatra. It is composed of five petals, each a foot wide.

A patent has been granted to a California man for a poison bottle with the sides covered with sharp points.

The first striking clock in Europe was sent to Charlemagne as a present by Abdella, King of Persia, in 800.

There are over fifty groups of Esperantists in the cities and larger towns of Spain, studying the new language.

There are nearly fifty clocks on the giant ocean liner Lusitania, controlled by a master clock in the chart house.

California produced less coal last year than in any year since it has been mined, the output being but 13,950 tons.

The United States produced 29,704,128 barrels of salt, each of 280 pounds, in 1907, leading the world in the industry.

According to a recent report of the Smithsonian Institute the mammoth was no larger than the elephant of the present day.

A machine to cut grass where a lawn mower cannot go and at the same time trim the sod evenly has been patented by an Indiana man.

More than 25,000 employes of the Pennsylvania Railroad have been instructed in first aid to the injured at the company's expense.

A thousand mulberry trees have been planted at Seville, Spain, in an attempt to revive the silk industry, for which the city was once famous.

SPLINTERS.

It is the side show man that expects circus applause.

Some people think that it is only the big words that have weight.

It is all right to dance, but it is a mistake to try to go faster than the music.

It is better to hang on to the old friends until you see how the new ones are going to pan out.

A man will howl for light bread, and then raise a kick if he thinks that the baker has cut down the weight.

Bobbs—Did you ever take music lessons? Dobbs—Yes, I learned to pump the pipe organ when I was a kid.

Bennings—Do you believe in pre-destination? Jennings—No; I still stick to the old-fashioned oat meal that mother used to make.

Bowers—Young Smith is always complaining of the heavy load he has to carry in life. Powers—I don't wonder; he puts everything on his back.

Relics Made to Order.

The veteran, stroking his long, white whiskers, looked over the landscape with glittering eye.

"Yes," he said excitedly, "here's where we fought and licked 'em. Have you got any relics of the battle?"

"Sure," replied the guide. "John, go back to the forge and mould the gentleman a pound of bullets, and tell the blacksmith to hammer out one of them broken officers' swords."

WITH THE SAGES.

All education should lead to action.—Goethe.

Character is perfectly educated will. —Newman.

Perish discretion when it interferes with duty.—More.

It is better to be nobly resembled than nobly born.—Ruskin.

Measure thy mind's height by the shadow it casts.—Browning.

The tragedy of the tongue is its power of irremediable harm.—Austin.

We often do more good by our sympathy than by our labors.—Webster.

Life is too short to dwell on failures —push on to a new success.—Lavater.

Happy is that man whose calling is great and spirit humble.—Demosthenes.

Stay not until you are told of opportunities to do good; inquire after them.—Smiles.

The way to gain a good reputation is to endeavor to be what you desire to appear.—Von Moltke.

Bright thoughts, clear deeds, constancy, fidelity, beauty and generous honesty are the gems of noble minds.—Sir Thomas Browne.

There is nothing so great that I fear to do for my friend, nor nothing so small that I will disdain to do for him. —Sir Philip Sydney.

All pleasure must be bought at the price of pain. For the true, the price is paid before you enjoy it; for the false it is paid as surely, afterward.—Foster.

The true strength of every human soul is to be dependent on as many nobler as it can discern; and to be depended upon by as many inferior as it can reach.—John Ruskin.

No matter how great the ability, how large the genius, the achievement will never rise higher than the confidence. He can who thinks he can, and he can not who thinks he cannot.—Hughes.

The greatest part of the good work of the world is done either in pure and unvexed instinct of duty, or else, and better, it is cheerful and helpful doing of what the hand finds to do.—J. Ruskin.

UNFAMLIAR FACTS.

Turkey imports nearly $2,000,000 worth of paper of all kinds each year.

Hydraulic presses are used in England for making seamless steel boat hulls.

Sixty-five per cent of America's output of platinum comes from the placer mines of northern California and southern Oregon.

In the first three months of 1908 the Federated Malay States had a tin output of 13,227 tons, an increase of 2,011 tons of 2,240 pounds each over the first quarter of 1907.

Within sight of Hampton, Va., there are about 4,500 acres of oyster beds under cultivation, and three Hampton dealers ship off more than 300,000 gallons of oysters yearly.

Aluminum is now compounded with magnesium to form magnalium, a new alloy, which is almost unaffected by damp air, water, gaseous, ammonia, carbonic acid and most organic acids. It can be cast in the liquid condition, like pure aluminum, and the castings can be machined, acquiring a smooth, mirror-like surface.

A remarkable soldier has just died at Buda-Pesth in the person of Gen. Stephen Turr, one of the bravest revolutionary generals that ever lived. He commenced his military career as a lieutenant in the Austrian army. Then he fought for the Hungarian revolutionary government, helped to quell a German revolution and joined Garibaldi in his great struggle. On the outbreak of the Crimean war he served as a volunteer in Omar Pasha's army against Russia, and finally received a commission in the British transport service.

A mining journal published at Scranton has been calling attention to the curious fact that in coal mining communities there is a marked deficiency in the mortality from tuberculosis as compared with other localities. This is a phenomenon that has also been observed in Great Britain, and attention has been drawn to it by B. H. Twaite. According to Mr. Thwaite, the effects noted may be due to the physiological effects of carbon monoxide, for he finds that men engaged about blast and gas producers are peculiarly free from tuberculous trouble.

SINS AGAINST THE EYES.

Reading on the porch long after the sun has set.

Finishing the latest novel in a joggling hammock.

Staring at the water when the sun is at its brightest.

Sitting on the beach with the sun shining on your book.

Doing fine needlework in the dim light of a house shaded for coolness.

Yachting or canoeing without a broad-brimmed hat or veil as a protection from the glare.

Sitting so the shifting light and the shadow of leaves from the porch or arbor play irregularly on the page.

Not protecting the eyes with glasses or thick veil when motoring on a dusty road or when traveling with open windows.

These may seem trifles not worth minding, but they often lay up a store of eye strains that give trouble for years.—Philadelphia Press.

What Ails You?

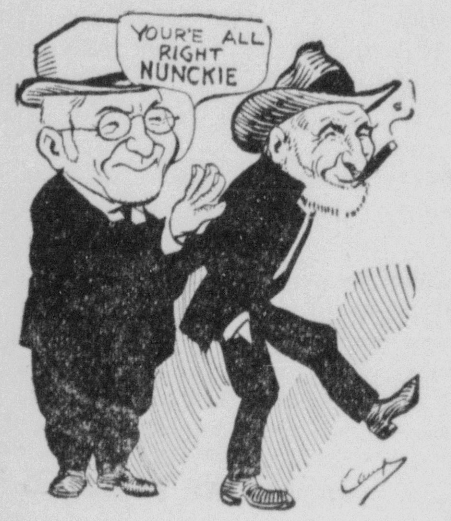
Do you feel weak, tired, despondent, have frequent headaches, coated tongue, **bitter** or bad taste in morning, "heart-burn," belching of gas, acid risings in **throat** after eating, stomach gnaw or **burn**, foul breath, dizzy spells, poor or **variable** appetite, nausea at times and **kindred** symptoms?

If you have any considerable number of the above symptoms you are suffering from biliousness, torpid liver with indigestion, or dyspepsia. Dr. Pierce's Golden Medical Discovery is made up of the most valuable medicinal principles known to medical science for the permanent cure of such abnormal conditions. It is a most **efficient liver invigorator, stomach tonic,** bowel regulator and nerve strengthener.

The "Golden Medical Discovery" is not a patent medicine or secret nostrum, a full list of its ingredients being printed on its bottle-wrapper and attested under oath. A glance at its formula will show that it contains no alcohol, or harmful habit-forming drugs. It is a fluid extract made with pure, triple-refined glycerine, of proper strength, from the roots of the following native American forest plants, viz., Golden Seal root, Stone root, Black Cherrybark, Queen's root, Bloodroot, and Mandrake root.

The following leading medical authorities, among a host of others, extol the foregoing roots for the cure of just such ailments as the above symptoms indicate: Prof. R. Bartholow, M. D., of Jefferson Med. College, Phila.; Prof. H. C. Wood, M. D., of Univ. of Pa.; Prof. Edwin M. Hale, M. D., of Hahnemann Med. College, Chicago; Prof. John King, M. D., Author of American Dispensatory; Prof. Jno. M. Scudder, M. D., Author of Specific Medicines; Prof. Laurence Johnson, M. D., Med. Dept. Univ. of N. Y.; Prof. Finley Ellingwood, M. D., Author of Materia Medica and Prof. in Bennett Medical College, Chicago. Send name and address on Postal Card to Dr. R. V. Pierce, Buffalo, N. Y., and receive *free* booklet giving extracts from writings of all the above medical authors and many others endorsing, in the strongest possible terms, each and every ingredient of which "Golden Medical Discovery" is composed.

Dr. Pierce's Pleasant Pellets regulate and invigorate stomach, liver and bowels. They may be used in conjunction with "Golden Medical Discovery" if bowels are much constipated. They're tiny and sugar-coated.



"Sunny Jim" Sherman
Says Uncle Joe
Is a sure-enough statesman,
And HE should know.

Many men, many minds, that's what makes politics. It makes business too. But sometimes there's but one opinion, as for instance, about our Raymond City Lump. We never heard anything but words of approval from our customers, and we're sure we will hear them from you, if you'll only give us one trial.

Price $3.75 per ton.

EBNER
Ice and Cold Storage Co.

TELEPHONE NO. 4.

Dr. Lorena M. Schrock,
Osteopath,
BEDFORD, - INDIANA,
Will be at LYNN HOTEL,
Seymour, Ind.,
Every Wednesday and Saturday from 11:00 to 5:00 p. m.

Sciarra Bros.

Tailors by trade in all its branches. Call us by new Phone. No. 37, and we bring to your house a full line samples. We do cleaning, dyeing and remodeling of ladies and gents clothes. Will call for and deliver free of charge. 4 S. Chestnut street.

T. M. JACKSON,
Jeweler AND Optician
104 W. SECOND ST.

Robert H. Hall
ARCHITECT
725 N. Ewing St., Seymour, Ind.

THE REPUBLICAN

JAY C. SMITH
EDW. A. REMY } Editors and Publishers

Entered at the Seymour, Indiana Postoffice as Second-class Matter.

DAILY

One Year.................$5 00
Six Months.................2 50
Three Months.................1 25
One Month.................45
One Week.................10

WEEKLY

One Year in Advance.................$1 00

MONDAY, OCTOBER 19, 1908.

THE country has twice avoided disaster by rejecting Bryan. The country knows how to repeat.

ATTEND the Taft and Watson club meeting at Armory Hall tonight at 7:30 and hear Hon. J. A. Cox, our candidate for congress.

MR. TAFT could ask nothing better than that Bryan, the free trader, should follow his trail in the Southern manufacturing towns.

IN every township of this county the republicans have nominated worthy and capable men for trustee and assessor. They are all worthy the support of the people.

EVEN the Democratic straw votes show that Taft is ahead. The consolation extracted is that the majority against Bryan may not be as big as that against Parker.

MR. Bryan is struggling hard to save Missouri, a state he carried in 1900 and 1896. He is right in realizing the danger, but such strategy is a confession of expected defeat.

TWELVE years ago the people of the United States concluded that they had enough of democratic policies and restored the republicans to power. The most prosperous period our people ever enjoyed has been since the election of McKinley in 1896. The people will not make the mistake they did in 1892.

JAMES E. WATSON every day demonstrates his superior fitness for the office of governor. The people know where he stands on every public question. He discusses these questions fairly and frankly with the people. He stands for the people and against the domination of state affairs by Crawford Fairbanks, Albert Lieber and Tom Taggart.

CONGRESSMAN Eugene Walter Leake one of the Democratic members of Congress from New Jersey, has volunteered to take the stump in behalf of Judge Taft. Though he has been a stanch Democrat all his life, he is bitterly opposed to the election of William Jennings Bryan, and believing that the election of Bryan to the Presidency would mean the greatest calamity to the country since the civil war, he is ready to exert himself to the utmost to aid the election of Judge Taft.

WHEN you pay your fall taxes stop and think a little. You will know at once that your taxes are too high. You know now that for years the expense of administering the affairs of Jackson county has been entirely too high. That is what makes our taxes higher than they should be. But what is the trouble and what is the remedy? If you have kept up with the commissioners allowances published from month to month you know why you are called upon to pay such a high rate of taxation for county purposes. The list of gravel road allowances published last month filled nearly three columns. Just look it over and reach a conclusion for yourself. Have the roads been improved in proportion to this pay roll? Observe the regular allowances of the commissioners and again see that economy is not practiced by county officers. The remedy for this extravagance is to make a sweeping change at the court house. The way to do that is to retire the men who have been so extravagant with the people's money. Elect the republican ticket and taxes will come down. The men on the republican ticket are pledged to that end and they are men of their word.

Cough Caution

Never, positively never poison your lungs. If you cough—even from a simple cold only—you should always heal, soothe, and ease the irritated bronchial tubes. Don't blindly suppress it with a stupefying poison. It's strange how some things finally come about. For twenty years Dr. Shoop has constantly warned people not to take cough mixtures or prescriptions containing Opium, Chloroform, or similar poisons. And now—a little late though—Congress says "Put it on the label, if poisons are in your Cough Mixture." Good! Very good!! Hereafter for this very reason mothers, and others, should insist on having Dr. Shoop's Cough Cure. No poison marks on Dr. Shoop's labels—and none in the medicine, else it must by law be on the label. And it's not only safe, but it is said to be by those that know it best, a truly remarkable cough remedy. Take no chance then, particularly with your children. Insist on having Dr. Shoop's Cough Cure. Compare carefully the Dr. Shoop package with others and note the difference. No poison marks there! You can always be on the safe side by demanding

Dr. Shoop's Cough Cure

A. J. PELLANS.

Hospital Empty.

The last patients were discharged from the hospital this morning and the hospital is now empty for the first time since the first of last June. The hospital was empty when Frank Hooker fell from a box car in the B. & O. S-W. yards and was almost fatally injured. From that time till now, a period of almost four months, there have been from one to four patients in the hospital continually from that day till this morning.

William Spink, the tramp who lost a foot on account of an accident experienced here in the B. & O. S-W. yards a few weeks ago, was dismissed from the hospital here this morning and was sent on to Cincinnati on No. 4 where he claimed to have friends. Township trustee Fettig paid the bill at the hospital and sent the man to Cincinnati. The physician who was called in the case and gave the man the best of care and attention and the benefit of his professional skill was not the regular physician for the poor and hence will probably never realize a penny for his pains and his actual outlay for various supplies. This tramp will doubtless go on his way and continue to find fault with everything and everybody, never stopping even to consider the sacrifice that was made by this physician who has done more good for a total stranger than the favored one has ever done for himself or anyone else or ever will do, from all appearances. He was in the hospital for about five weeks.

Thomas Kreinhagen, ticket agent for the B. & O. S-W., who had a tumor removed from his thigh a week ago this morning, has made splendid progress and was dismissed from the hospital this morning. He is able to walk about the house a little and the indications are that he will be able to return to his work in another week or two.

Mr. and Mrs. Dixon, of the hospital, took advantage of their opportunity this afternoon to take a drive to the country. They have worked patiently all these many weeks and deserve a rest. It seems that there have been more than the usual number of serious accidents during the summer and yet it may only be because the patients have been treated here at home instead of being sent away to some other hospital.

Special Collection.

Special collections were taken at both services at the Methodist church Sunday to finish paying off the old debt of which about $375 still remains and to pay for the new concrete sidewalks and interior improvements amounting to about $400 more making a total of $775.

$683.50 was raised at the morning service and $70.50 in the evening sermon making a total of $754. Several members were not present at either of the services Sunday and the congregation feels pretty sure that the balance will be raised and the entire debt gaid off by next June when the last of Sunday's contributions are to be paid in. The church is in a prosperous condition and the membership feels that now is the time to square up all their accounts.

Mayor's Court.

There was about the usual amount of business in Mayor Kyte's court this morning. Geneva Hall was given a fine of $10 and sentenced to jail for five days. Bruce Trowbridge was fined $10 and sent to jail for ten days. Both prisoners were taken to Brownstown by Chief of Police Moritz on No. 7. It will take a good while at that rate to get the jail as full again as it was before the last two jail deliveries.

Sail Tomorrow.

A note to the REPUBLICAN from the North German Lloyd Steamship Co., of New York, says that "among the passengers sailing on the express steamship Kaiser Wilhelm Der Grosse of the North German Lloyd line from New York to Bremen, Via Plymouth and Cherbourg, on Oct 20 are the following from your city, Mrs. W. C. Humbert, Mrs. Emma B. Thompsom and Miss Margaret D. Thompson."

Mr. A. J. Pellens is pleased to announce to his customers that he has secured the agency for Zemo, the best known remedy for the positive and permanent cure of Eczema, Pimples, Dandruff, Blackheads, Piles and every form of skin or scalp disease. Zemo gives instant relief and cures by destroying the germ that causes the disease, leaving a nice clear healthy skin. See display and photos of cures made by Zemo.

Mr. and Mrs. T. J. Blair and daughter Miss Mayme, arrived here on No. 2 Sunday afternoon from their home near Glasgow, Ill. They came by way of St. Louis and will spend several days in Seymour the guests of Mr. Blair's cousin, James Blair and family, of N. Lynn street.

Everett Heller, formerly ticket agent for the Southern Indiana at this place and now one of the train dispatchers at Terre Haute, was in this city this morning visiting relatives and greeting old acquaintances.

Sprenger's barber shop is the best.

Great Values
In Outer Garments

Here is an unusual chance to get your new Suit or Coat, a chance to save money and get the garments you want. The new styles we are showing this season have delighted every customer. In design, material and workmanship, they have been pronounced the finest ever shown in the city. Everything about our garments has been carefully selected after many years experience. The strongest point being that they are well tailored so that they hold their shape and look well always. We guarantee to fit you perfectly. Alterations free.

1659
1439
1665
B.S.&S.
"Style"
828
1421

The great rush in our Millinery Department is evidence of satisfaction to our customers. Never before have our workmen been so crowded with rush orders. An extra strong purchase has been made by buying a sample line at low prices. $2.95, $3.95 and $4.95 will be the price for choice of samples.

Gold Mine
Department Store.

SEYMOUR, - - - - - INDIANA.

Southern Indiana's Largest Department Store.

ON THE HOME STRETCH

Political Parties Now Exerting Every Energy.

New York, Oct. 19.—Putting forth their greatest efforts in the states that are called doubtful and pivotal, now that the presidential campaign is in its last week but one, the various party managers unfold a multiplicity of plans for the week that are well calculated to keep politics in the forefront of the news.

For Taft as well as for Bryan, the activity is to be well nigh ceaseless as for Sherman and Kern and so on down the line.

Coming up from his invasion of the South, the Republican candidate for the presidency will speak in New Jersey in the fore part of the week and then return to his own state of Ohio for a day, thereupon making another flight into Indiana.

Bryan will have traveled in five states before the weeks ends—Indiana, Kentucky, Ohio, West Virginia and New Jersey, finishing in New York.

An Article of Great Merit.

Zemo has stood the test of time and is now recognized the best known remedy for the positive and permanent cure of Eczema, Pimples, Dandruff, Piles, Cuts, Scalds and Sores.. An honest medicine that makes honest cures. For sale by A. J. Pellens.

Player Hurt.

Coulter Montgomery, one of the local foot ball players, was hurt in the game at Louisville Saturday and needed the attention of a physician. He is apparently all right now other than being pretty sore.

There is much reactionary excitement in Asia Minor, where martial law has been declared. There have been massacres of Jews at Bagdad and of Armenians at Viran-Shehr.

NO Democratic argument can convince the American workman that cheap wages do not make cheap living.

Advertised Letters

The following is a list of letters remaining in the postoffice at Seymour and if not called for within 14 days will be sent to the dead letter office.

LADIES.

Minnie Shull.

GENTS.

F. W. Donner.
Mr. Harlen Gruver.
Mike Mel.
Mr. S. J. Myers.
Mr. Bert Pointer.

WM P. MASTERS, P. M.
Seymour, Oct. 19, 1908.

Seymour Temperatures.

The following are the maximum and minimum temperatures as shown by the government thermometers at the Seymour volunteer weather observation station and reported by J. Robert Blair, observer. The figures are for twenty-four hours ending at noon:

	MAX	MIN
October 19, 1908,	86	50

We ought to charge more than we do-
But we don't.

And Millions of people
Daily eat of the
Good Things made from

GOLD MEDAL FLOUR

WASHBURN-CROSBY CO.

WASHBURN-CROSBY CO.
Gold Medal Flour

FOR SALE BY YOUR GROCER
THE VERY HIGHEST QUALITY

SUIT CASES

We have just received a large line of Suit Cases in 20, 22 and 24 inch sizes, all styles with or without straps, - $2.00 to $8.00

We specialize our "Fibre" Cases, the lightest, most durable Case ever made, - $4.00 and $5.00.

THE HUB

For Sale

$2000.00 this beautiful home, 8 rooms, 4 closets, hall, gas in every room, summer kitchen, cellar, well cistern, lot 50x120, fruit and sheds and henery.

$1500.00 this residence, lot 57x157 good location, 4 rooms and summer kitchen, sheds, McCann well, good corner lot.

$2750.00 for this elegant residence, lot 50x150, bath room, concrete walks, furnace, cellar, sewer, barn, 6 rooms.

$1200.00 for this fine new home, fine shade, concrete walks, well, 5 rooms, front and rear porch.

Also cheaper and higher priced city property.

GEO. SCHAEFER,
Real Estate and
General Insurance
First National Bank Bldg. Seymour.

CROWN AND BRIDGE WORK
COPYRIGHT

Dr. B. S. Shinness.

Beauty and Wisdom

both demand that care and attention to the teeth which insures a charm to one's face and good health to the body. Modern dental methods have attained a skill based on scientific principles that rivals the perfection of Nature. The success achieved by Dr. B. S. Shinness in the treatment of impaired teeth guarantees a perfect mouth to all who will apply.

Dr. B. S. Shinness.

DRUGS AND MEDICINES

Prescriptions
A Specialty

GEORGE F. MEYER'S
DRUG STORE

New Coal Yard
OPENED BY
Ed. M. McElwain
At Hodapp Hominy Mill.
BEST GRADES
Of COAL Always on Hand.
Weighing done by Mr. Hodapp. Leave orders at office or at Gates' store. TELEPHONE NO. 94.

WANT ADVERTISING

FOR RENT—Furnished room, 527 W. Second street. o22d

PIANO TUNING—John H. EuDaly. Work guaranteed. o23d

LOST—Two weeks ago, small waist pin, between Dr. Haas' office and B. & O. station. Return here.

LOST—Gold pin set with pearls and opals, between Brown street and interurban station. Reward. Return to Mrs. Lavina Corthum, 221 W. Brown street. o21d

Weather Indications.

Showers Tuesday and possibly late tonight. Warmer tonight.

PERSONAL.

Frank Hackendorf, of Brownstown, was in this city Sunday evening.

Howard Smith, of Medora, was in this city a short time this morning on business.

Frank Roemmel and several other young men from this city were in Indianapolis Sunday.

Sam Meek is very low today at his home on Indianapolis avenue and is gradually growing weaker.

Judge Shea and Prosecutor Oren O. Swails were passengers to Brownstown this morning on No. 7.

Mr. and Mrs. Simeon Watkins took a pleasure trip to Columbus Sunday afternoon on the interurban line.

B. C. Lett, of Surprise, was in town today reports that everybody out his way will go to see Taft Thursday.

Frank H. Hadley returned home Saturday evening from a business trip to Chicago and went to Bedford this morning.

Mr. and Mrs. J. F. Stratton, Nell Day and F. D. Beck, of New Albany, spent a few hours in this city Sunday afternoon.

Mrs. Hugh Brown and little son, are expected home Tuesday from a two week's visit with relatives and friends at Chicago.

Senator W. E. Springer, of Elizabethtown, national bank examiner, was here between trains this afternoon on his way to Evansville.

Mrs. Edgar Otto and children went south on the interurban line Sunday morning to spend the day and returned home late in the afternoon.

Mrs. E. W. Donaldson, of Second and Poplar streets, who has been seriously ill for the past few days, was reported better this morning.

T. S. Blish left Saturday afternoon for New York City to see Mrs. Thompson and daughter and their party leave Tuesday for their trip abroad.

Misses Addie and Belva Reynolds, Minnie and Bertha Breitfield, Lillie Hauenschild and Laura Peters went to Chestnut Ridge Sunday afternoon to spend a few hours.

Charles Carter came over from Bedford Sunday morning to attend the funeral of his uncle, Edwin Anderson, which occurred here Sunday afternoon. He returned home on the next train on account of the illness of Mrs Carter.

Mr. and Mrs. Clyde Roach and daughter, Miss Mabel, came down from Indianapolis Saturday afternoon in their automobile. They returned home Sunday afternoon accompanied by Mrs. H. C. Johnson, who will spend some time in Indianapolis. Mr. and Mrs. Theo. Groub, Mrs. Galbraith and H. C. Johnson were among those who accompanied them as far as Columbus in Mr. Groub's automobile.

PERSONAL.

Clarence Balsley went to Indianapolis Sunday.

J. B. Shepard went west this morning on No. 7.

W. H. McPherson, of Brownstown, was here Saturday.

J. C. Burnett, of Austin, was here Saturday evening.

Albert M Singer came up from Vallonia this morning.

E. B. Douglass was in from Cortland this morning.

J. H. Robbins, of Loogootee, was in this city Saturday.

G. J. Schmitt, of Columbus, was in this city Sunday evening.

Miss Edna Lanham was at Chestnut Ridge Sunday afternoon.

Albert J. Waskom, of Driftwood township, was here Saturday.

Cyrus J. Atkison was a passenger to Brownstown this morning.

E. S. Jordan made a business trip west this morning on the B. & O.

Mrs. William Moses went to Cincinnati this morning to visit relatives.

Frank Spanagel, the barber went east this morning at nine o'clock.

Louis Greeman was south on the interurban line Sunday afternoon.

A. H. Kennedy, a prominent lawyer, of Danvilie, was here today on legal business.

Mrs. Elmer Day returned home this morning from a visit her parents at Ft. Ritner.

Henry Nichter was an eastbound passenger this morning on the nine o'clock train.

S. Lanham, of Vevay, was in this city Saturday evening and remained here till Sunday.

Miss Josie Jameson, of Salem, was in this city this morning and left for home on No. 7.

Sam Wilson, of Kurtz, was here Saturday evening on his way home from Crothersville.

A. S. Freeman, of Washington, was in this city Saturday evening and remained here over night.

Mr. and Mrs. George Cook and a number of others spent Sunday afternoon at Chestnut Ridge.

Dr. Prall and son were at Chestnut Ridge Sunday and returned home on the late aftrenoon car.

William P. Masters, made a business trip to Columbus this morning over the interurban line.

Sylvester Stein came down from Indianapolis Sunday where he has been employed for some time.

Henry Kamman returned home this morning from spending Sunday with relatives near Brownstown.

E. M. Barney, of the Anti-Saloon League, was here between trains this afternon on his way to Evansville.

Engineer Jerome Boyles went to Washington on No. 1 at noon today to come back on No. 6 this evening.

Ben Carter was expected here today from Oklahoma on account of the death of his uncle Edwin Anderson.

John A. Ray, the republican candidate for assessor of Hamilton township, was in town Saturday evening.

Superintendent A. A. Anderson, of the interurban lines, was in this city this morning looking after his duties.

Jacob Ault, of Beck's Grove, was here Saturday evening on his way to Redding township to visit his daughter.

Miss Dora Frey and sister, Miss Hannah, attended church at Sauers Sunday and visited relatives in that vicinity.

Mrs. Jesse Prall and little son came down from Indianapolis Sunday on a visit with her parents, Mr. and Mrs. Joseph Stein, and other relatives.

Mr. and Mrs. Mike Fox and Mrs. Charles Moore and child made a trip to Scottsburg Sunday afternoon on the interurban line.

Miss Pauline Schneider, trimmer at Mrs. Leas' milliner store, returned from Brownstown this morning where she had been spending Sunday with home folks.

Miss Florence Keach, who is employed in the bank at Crothersville, came up from Brownstown this morning where she had been spending Sunday with home folks.

Mrs. W. E. Hyatt, of Sellersburg, and Mrs. Mary Campbell, of Jeffersonville, came here Saturday afternoon to visit Mrs. Hyatt's son, Walter E. Hyatt, and returned home Sunday afternoon.

Harlan Montgomery, who is a senior at Hanover, spent Sunday with his parents, Judge and Mrs. O. H. Montgomery. He is captain of the Hanover foot ball team which played Butler at Indianapolis Saturday.

Miss Laura Peters, of Vallonia, who is employed at the car barns at Scottsburg, came up during the noon hour Sunday and accompanied a party of young ladies to Chestnut Ridge to spend the afternoon.

John Q. Foster attended the meeting of farmers institute managers at the agricultural experiment station at Lafayette last week. He was on the program for a discussion of the work of preparing for the county institute.

Growing Children. Need a Strength Building Tonic. Daughter of Mrs. Simmons of Lakewood, N. J., was Restored to Health by Vinol.

"Our daughter who is twelve years of age, was in a very run-down condition from fast growing. We were advised to try Vinol to build her up, and after using four bottles she has a good healthy color, is free from nervousness and has gained eight pounds. She is now full of life and ready for out-door exercise, where previously she moped in the house. I can cheerfully recommend Vinol as a first-class tonic reconstructor and one that will do rapidly growing children a world of good." Mrs. T. Simmons, 250 Main St., Lakewood, N. J.

This is because Vinol is the best cod liver and iron tonic in the world, does not taste of oil, and has no equal to create strength and build up health for delicate children, feeble old people weak run-down persons, and after sickness, and is a remarkable cure for chronic coughs, colds and bronchitis

Try Vinol. If it does no good your money will be returned on demand. That's your guarantee, but we know it will benefit any such case. W. F. Peter Drug Co., Seymour.

Oscar Stevens and wife went east this morning.

E. E. Lindsay, of Columbus, was in this city today.

Wilbur Burgdall was at Scottsburg Sunday afternoon.

C. E. Brown, of Brownstown, was in this city Saturday evening.

C. R. Ruttker, the plasterer, spent Sunday with friends in Louisville.

August Cordes went out to his farm at Langdon yesterday afternoon.

E. R. Richmond, of Hamilton township, was in this city this morning.

Miss Dora Frey made a business trip to Indianapolis this morning.

Mrs. J. B. Schrock, of Bedford, was in the city Saturday afternoon.

John McClintock and wife, of Reddington, were in town this morning.

Miss Katharine Vosbrink and sister went to Scottsburg Sunday afternoon.

Mr. and Mrs. John Foreman and little son spent Sunday at Columbus.

Frank Abel made a business trip south this morning on the interurban line.

Sim Watkins made a business trip west this morning on the B. & O.-S-W.

John Barkman of E. Fourth street, was an eastbound passenger this morning.

Attorney John C. Branaman, of Brownstown, was in this city Saturday evening.

Mr. Glasson, the grocer from Reddington, was in the city this morning on business.

Ed Blaze was among those who went to Scottsburg Sunday to see the ruins of the fire.

Mrs. Anna Barlow and little son, and sister, Miss Mary Crow, were at Scottsburg Sunday.

I. B. Reed returned here on No. 1 at noon today after spending a few days at Ashtabula, O.

Mrs. William Matlock spent Sunday with her daughter, Mrs. Howard Armbruster, of Kurtz.

Roeger Carter, of the Chestnut street book store, made a business trip to Indianapolis this morning.

SEYMOUR DRY GOODS CO.
104 South Chestnut Street.

The New and Beautiful In Women's Wear.

Hardly a day passes that you don't find newly arrived garments here. All are included in our Cloak Department. Ladies', Misses' and Children's Tailored Suits and Coats $12.00 to 25.00. Printzess and directoire styles.

Tailored Dress Skirts, wide assortment of styles plain 4 piece to 41 gored sheath effect, satin and button trimmed. Price $2.75 to $10.00.

Silk Petticoats, money back brand, all shades. Heatherbloom Petticoats, black, price $1.75, $1.90 and $2.50.

Many new things for Ladies' wear, new Directoire Belts, Collars, Pins, Buckles, Ruching and Ribbon.

Claypool & Fry

Successors to L. F. Miller & Co.

Trustee Glasson, of Redding township was transacting business in the city this morning.

Joseph Burkart went to Scottsburg Sunday afternoon to see the ruins of the Scottsburg fire.

Mr. and Mrs. Lewis, of the Baldwin House, made a trip south on the traction line Sunday afternoon.

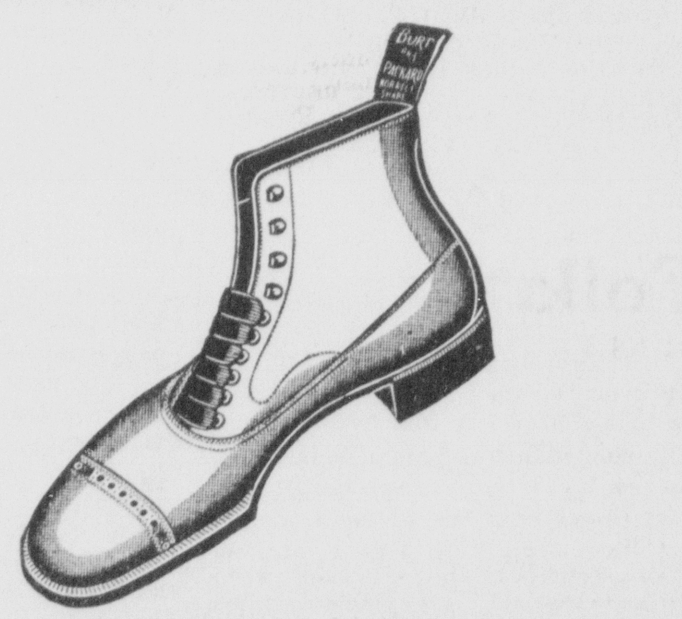
Mr. and Mrs. Oscar Mays and child were in Scottsburg Sunday and returned home on the afternoon car.

$100 Reward $100

The readers of this paper will be pleased to learn that there is at least one dreaded disease that science has been able to cure in all its stages, and that is Catarrh. Hall's Catarrh Cure is the only positive cure now known to the medical fraternity. Catarrh being a constituional disease, requires a constitutional treatment. Hall's Catarrh Cure is taken internally, acting directly upon the blood and mucous surfaces of the system, thereby destroying the foundation of the disease, and giving the patient strength by building up the constitution and assisting nature in doing its work. The proprietors have so much faith in its curative powers that they offer One Hundred Dollars for any case that it fails to cure.

Address; F. J. CHENEY & Co., Toledo, O.

Testimonials sent free. Price 75c per bottle. Sold by all druggists. Take Hall's Family Pills for constipation.



Burt & Packard Shoe for Men

Old fashioned honesty in making, combined with new fashioned materials and latest style lasts produce the Burt & Packard Shoe. And it holds its shape. Rain and snow, mud and slush have no terrors for the wearer of Burt & Packard Shoes. Buy a pair and secure foot comfort. $3.50 and $4.00 in all styles.

THOMAS Clothing Co.

SPECIALS

$4,000.00 worth of 5 per cent. bonds. Cottage, center of town, 6 rooms, well, cistern—$950. 5 room cottage—$1000.

E. C. BOLLINGER,
'Phone 186 and 5.
Office in Hancock Building.

CONGDON & DURHAM,
Fire, Tornado, Liability,
Accident and Sick Benefit
INSURANCE
Real Estate, Rental Agency
Prompt Attention to All Business

REMOVING

P. COLABUONO,

Ladies' and Gents' Shoemaker. Boot and shoe repairing while you wait. Fine work given special attention. 129 S. Chestnut St., Sprenger Bldg.

TAKE YOUR BABY TO
Platter & Co.,
And get the Picture while you can. Delays are dangerous.

BATHS

Take Turkish Salt-glow Baths for all kinds of Lung Trouble.

AHLERT'S TURKISH BATH ROOMS

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Piano Teacher,
Res. Studio: 521 N. Chestnut St.
SEYMOUR, INDIANA.

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IN THE
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198 Years in Business
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PIANO TUNING
GUARANTEED
Arthur F. French
SEYMOUR, IND.
Drop a Postal and I Will Call.

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ARCHITECT
824-828 State Life Bldg. INDIANAPOLIS. Branch Office: Columbus

The Socialist Bugaboo.

By William Mailly.

THE Socialist Bugaboo is abroad in the land and seeking whom it may devour. The surest and quickest way to achieve press notoriety is to attack socialism, whether he who attacks be politician, clergyman, labor leader or what not.

Bugaboos have always played an important role in history, although their own history has never been written. Since the time when the aboriginal created an image of dread and horror which embodied his own fears of the unknown, mankind has been haunted by bugaboos. The human mind has always fashioned from its surroundings a bugaboo, hewn out of its own conception of future dangers. Progress has always had to battle with the dread of the unseen. The bugaboo has been the ally of reaction of all ages.

Socrates drank the hemlock, Christ was crucified, Bruno was burned at the stake, Columbus was ridiculed and persecuted, James Hargreaves had his revolutionary spinning-penny smashed by his neighbors in 1767, Lovejoy was mobbed and killed at Alton. All of these were sacrificial offerings to the bugaboo of their respective times.

The Socialist Bugaboo is a thing of many shapes. Its creators have endowed it with every attribute of every spook that ever frightened mankind into blind antagonism to the truth. And no spook ever terrorized a shivering small boy into burying his head under the blankets more effectively than the socialist spook terrorizes the ordinary citizen into retiring under the blanket of age-long conservatism, there to invite race suffocation and retrogression.

* * *

Headwaiters Are Getting Wealthy

By Whitman Bennett

IN spite of what the newspapers discovered or failed to discover, the headwaiters of New York, in the approved Tammany phrase, are "doing remarkably well for themselves." Several of them have become proprietors, which is proof sufficient and ample for all that is implied. Some of them have undoubtedly appropriated part of the tips given to the waiters under their charge. Some of them have undoubtedly taken money from the waiters for granting them especially desirable locations in the dining-room, such as a table near the kitchen door.

A table near the kitchen door! That is the ambition of every waiter. Given that advantage he can serve twice as many people and get twice as many tips as the other man who has to serve people in the further corners of the room. The right to serve tables near the windows is also very much to be desired, especially in the hot summer months.

That waiters should get large fees on holidays and festival occasions is perhaps entirely legitimate. That they should often take advantage of large dinner parties, and do what is known as "passing the goblet" when the fees have been included in the price paid for the meal is another matter. Yet this is often done, and the public, being excessively absent-minded, pays without a protest.—The Bohemian Magazine.

* * *

Fighting *the* Evil Spirits on *the* Farm

By Vance Thompson.

THE French farmer has sown; but what he will reap he knows not; that is the secret of the future, of nature, of the good Lord; his work is done.

To be sure, there are precautions to be taken; Pierre has done his best; he has spared neither toil nor good seed nor phosphates; but there are certain evil spirits.

That is, perhaps there are certain evil spirits; Pierre is not sure; but why, asks Pierre, take any chances? And I, in my philosophy, find no answer ready.

There are, then, certain evil spirits; and on certain nights of the year they wake and do harm. The last night in April is full of peril, for instance. During the day the sorcerers go from farm to farm, making magic invocations and laying preservative spells upon the cattle and the sheep. Having done their best the sorcerers—wild, bearded men and full of mystery—go away at dusk; and through the night the farmer must fight, unaided and as best he can, against the evil spirits. Why are the evil spirits set free this night to harry poor men of the soil? Pierre knows not; the good Lord, being all pitiful, has given them a vacation, he says.—The Outing Magazine.

* * *

The "Tipping" Situation In New York

By Whitman Bennett.

NOT long since some of the New York papers undertook to investigate the matter of tipping. This was at the time of the strike of the waiters in Paris and when some wiseacre had suggested—for the sake of a good story—that the waiters in New York might follow suit. The conclusion the papers came to was that the waiters would not strike because being a waiter was far too profitable an occupation to be scoffed at. The waiters in Paris struck because they had to pay for their positions and then had to divide their fees with the owners or headwaiters of the places where they worked. The newspaper reporters wisely concluded that no such conditions existed in Manhattan. This was especially a wise conclusion for them to come to because of the large amounts of advertising carried in their sheets by the hotels and because of the special indulgences which most hotel proprietors are sagacious enough to grant reporters.

As a matter of fact, it is probably true that there are some strictly honest restaurant keepers and headwaiters. But none of them are so foolish as not to take advantage of a public which is willing to pay their servants for them. The waiter in the average first-class hotel or restaurant, such as Sherry's or the Knickerbocker or the Holland House—and in most of the other "nice" places—receives from the proprietor about one dollar per day. The income of the waiters in these places averages from twenty-five to thirty dollars a week. The public smilingly pays the difference.

The trouble with some of the large places is that the work of engaging waiters and supervising them is handed over entirely to the headwaiters—and favoritism takes the chance to creep in via the vest pocket. The headwaiter has the same chance for "graft"—apart from his own large tips for special attention—that comes to any other subordinate boss in any other position. Because the peculiarity of his occupation forces him to indulge in the singularly bad taste of wearing full dress in the morning his mortals are not essentially different from those of other petty tyrants.—The Bohemian Magazine.

* * *

Half-Disabled Folk.

By J. Madison Taylor, M.D.

A COMPANY was formed to produce on the road a New York musical comedy success of the previous season. It was by no means a second-class organization—the comedian was paid $250 a week, the second comedian $100, the soubrette $75. The chorus men received $16 a week, the lowest salary paid any of the sixty-five members of the company, and the chorus girls $18—a fair salary several years ago when this tour was made. They were on the road forty and a half weeks, actually traveled thirty-six thousand miles and played over seventy one-night stands. Most of the traveling was done at night and in only a very few instances when the "jump" was over a day were there sleeping cars attached to the train.

While doing the one-night stands the entire company slept in the common cars at night, and although the principals sometimes went to hotels in the daytime the chorus men and women slept either in the train or at the theatre. The amount of money paid out to the railroads by such a company is enormous, especially if it is necessary to carry several cars of scenery and effects. The regular charge is twenty-five cents a mile for each baggage or scene car and two cents per capita for each member of the company. The cost of transporting a show like "Ben Hur" which carries two hundred and ten people and nine car-loads of scenery from New York to Chicago would be considerably over six thousand dollars and about one-fourth this sum to Boston.

There was one spectacular show on the road the past season that carried nearly four hundred people and the cost of transporting them and the scenery to Chicago from New York was just under ten thousand dollars, and this exclusive of sleeping accommodations. Companies of this calibre, however, play only the larger cities and then for long engagements. This tends to the formation of secondary companies to produce the same play, but on a much cheaper scale. These are sent to all the small cities and towns, and the actors must do an enormous amount of traveling.—The Outing Magazine.

Commercial Value of Some Mexican Trees.

Characteristics of the Sap, Bark and Fiber of Many Specimens--Radio-Activity of Uranium Compounds--Sand Waves, Their Work, and Methods of Protection.

In the dense woodlands of Vera Cruz there are numerous plants reputed to possess medicinal virtues, and others which could be profitably utilized for commercial purposes. One tree yields a deep brownish red thick sap of a slightly resinous odor. The process of extraction is simple; slight superficial incisions are made in the bark, terminating at the foot of the tree; a medium-sized leaf or strip of palmetto is inserted underneath the bark, so as to form a gutter into which the sap drips, and as it overflows it drips into a receptacle placed underneath the leaf. When exposed to the atmosphere, the sap does not appear to undergo fermentation, but becomes slightly denser. Small quantities are exported to Germany. Buyers claim that it is employed in the preparation of carmine ink; this is doubtful. It may have other and more valuable uses, which are not divulged. It may be used in the arts or in the making of medicines.

As there is no regular demand, price cannot be determined, and samples, small or large, are paid according to the time a laborer employs in extracting the sap. The natives say it is an excellent dentifrice and mouth wash, healing ulcerated parts. It is a powerful antiseptic, being employed with excellent results on fresh or old wounds; it congeals and checks the flow of blood. It has been employed as an indelible stain; wood treated with it, when thoroughly dried afterwards, does not appear to be affected by water or diluted acids, the stain remaining unaltered. On cloth it acts as a perfect dye, acids or alkalies seeming to have no perceptible effect on its color. The foregoing are statements made by persons who have experimented with this sap, and hence ought to have weight.

The palo de leche tree is quite common in damp or marshy locations; the sap is milk white, and about the same consistency as rich milk; it is a powerful caustic. Partial or total blindness may result when this sap has by accident been injected into the eyes; the natives claim that a strong decoction of the Chile pepper, if applied in time, will dissolve the thick film which gradually spreads over the eyes when attacked by this fluid. It is averred that a few drops in a glass of water acts as a violent poison, often proving fatal; it is employed by the natives in diluted form, which they spread on the surface of streams or lakes to stupefy fish, which they consume. If properly analyzed this fluid might prove valuable; samples, however, are difficult to obtain, as the native laborer can not be induced to approach the tree, of which he has the greatest fear. However, there are some who will take the risk if they are well paid, which, no matter how large, is but a trifling amount compared with the danger to which they imagine they will be exposed.

The honote tree produces a very fine, long fibre (ten to fifteen feet), which is extracted from the inner surface of the bark. Each tree will produce from four to five pounds of fibre. The present system of procuring the fibre is to denude the tree of its bark completely, and divide it in three to five-inch strips, which are cleaned by hand. The result is a fine layer of fibre—a perfectly united sheet about the thickness of medium-heavy note paper. This layer can, with care, be separated so as to produce threads of any desired thickness. Although the honote fibre has been known by the natives for a long time and employed by them in the preparation of many articles, such as traces, saddle girths, bagging, etc., it is only recently that it has been brought to public notice. So far it has not been utilized for any well-defined purpose. Although the matter has not been thoroughly investigated, those who have given this fibre passing attention claim that machinery does not exist to extract it satisfactorily. Manufacturers of decorating machines interested in such matters should investigate its merits and possibilities.

The ojiote is a vine from one to four inches in diameter, growing in slightly damp and shady locations. This vine furnishes a white, milky, gummy juice, which is employed as a cement to unite leather, and the united parts will hold with great tenacity when subject to severe tension. A section of vine about eight feet long and three inches in diameter has been chopped into short lengths and allowed to drip, producing in this crude manner about four to five ounces of the milk, but, as it coagulates rapidly, only a small proportion was extracted. Doubtless a much larger percentage could be obtained with scientific treatment. Some say it has the properties of rubber gum. Although not found in large quantities, it may be susceptible of improvement and cultivation on a large scale if the milk possesses any commercial value.

Badge For Physicians.

A French physician, believing that any one wishing to summon a medical man to an urgent case may pass several doctors in the street while he is hurrying from house to house and ringing bells in vain, suggests that every doctor should wear a badge in his buttonhole as a distinguished sign. "The plan, no doubt," says the Dundee Advertiser, "would be welcomed by the man who is struggling to build up a practice, but if it were compulsory it would add another care to that profession in which a man can hardly fail to be useful, and has more than the usual chances of being unhappy. Is it not enough that a doctor should be practically obliged to live and die in a top hat without his being required also to label himself like a physic bottle?"

Less Beef, More Bacon.

The London Meat Traders' Journal figures that the United Kingdom imports of American and Canadian cattle show an 18 per cent. decrease for the first five months of this year, compared with last year, and 29½ per cent. with 1906. The American shipments of refrigerated beef fell off 404,479 hundred-weight (of 112 pounds each) compared with the 1907 period while the total increase of 30,889 was due to the heavy consignments from Argentina. A substantial increase of 337,238 hundredweight in the weight of bacon is due to the heavier shipments from the United States, the supplies from Canada and other countries being less.

The Pope as a Newspaper Reader

Pope Pius is a firm believer in newspaper reading. His favorites are two provincial sheets, "Venice Difesa" and "Vicenza Verico." The latter paper he has read nearly all his life. When he became patriarch of Venice he happened to make the acquaintance of the editor of "Difesa," then a struggling daily. The editor's views pleased his eminence, and, hearing of the editor's high character, he offered him his aid. The patriarch's liberality and active support soon gave the "Difesa" a very wide circulation and it is now so profitable that it is regarded as one of the most solid institutions of the great city—Tit-Bits

Giants in Literature.

Of past giants in literature, in two senses of the term, we have Thackeray, who was 6 feet 3 inches in height. Coming to the present time, we have Sir Arthur Conan Doyle, who is 6 feet 2 inches high, but doesn't look it on account of his stalwart build. Then there is Cutcliffe Hyne, who is 6 feet 3 inches in height, while Hesketh Prichard is even a shade taller. Keble Howard, author of "The Smiths of Surbiton," runs to 6 feet 1½ inches in height, while his brother, R. S. Warren Bell, who at once ends and tops our list, is close upon 6 feet 5 inches.—London Tit-Bits.

Rockefeller Genealogy.

The Rockefeller family association of which, by the way, John D. is not a member, though many of its members claim kinship with him, has traced the history of the name back to the south of France, where there is still a Baron Roquefeuille. The French Rockefellers, being mostly Huguenots, went to southern Germany after the revocation of the edict of Nantes; hence the Teutonic form of the name. The first Rockefeller came to America in 1720. Leslie's Weekly.

Saw Husband Only.

In the course of a recent interview Mrs. Mehmed Ali Bey, wife of the new Turkish minister to the United States, said: "I never set eyes on any other man than my husband." Mrs. Ali's picture shows her to be good looking and stylishly dressed. She wears Paris hats and Paris gowns and all the dainty things that delight young womanhood, but all her many charms, natural and acquired, are for the benefit of one man only.

Alfalfa From Kansas.

Alfalfa was first brought to Kansas by the late Harrison Parkman, of Emporia. Mr. Parkman first saw alfalfa growing in Chile. He brought the seed to America, and in the late seventies he went to Emporia to live. He sowed alfalfa in a farm which he bought, and the plant prospered. It was slow in gaining popularity in Kansas, but is now one of the State's most important forage crops.

British City Debts.

In Great Britain city debts are becoming enormous, even when due allowance is made for the extensive investments of public money in property of a kind not owned by municipalities in America. Sheffield has a bonded debt of over $43,000,000 above its sinking fund, and Leeds owes $62,000,000. The bonded debt of Liverpool is over $72,000,000, and Birmingham owes $82,000,000. Glasgow's debt is $86,000,000.—Cleveland Leader.

Without a Single Leaf.

A curious tree grows in one of the numerous islands which are studded about the Pacific Ocean. It grows, at its full height, to nearly thirty feet, with branches spreading like a huge umbrella, yet it is completely leafless, the species having never been known to show signs of a single bud. Its sap is useful as a medical property, but as fuel the wood is worse than useless.—Home Notes.

A fight for a 2-cent cable rate between England and America has been inaugurated by John Henlker Heaton, a member of the British Parliament, who led the fight for a 2-cent postal rate.

A Victorian Anthology.

One discovers already in her two qualities which she retained through life and which struck those who knew her personally in her later years all the more because they seemed at first sight to be hardly compatible qualities. One was a strong personal pride and sense of the dignity of her position. She was not haughty, much less arrogant. But she was penetrated through and through with a sense of what it meant to be head of the United Kingdom and the British Empire. Yet although this feeling was added to her own high spirit—she would have been deemed a high spirited woman even in a private station—it did not in her bear the fruit of vanity. She was not vain. She knew her own intellectual limitations and never tried to make a figure in fields for which he was not fitted. If one were to make a comparison at all between persons whose surroundings were so different one might in comparing her with Queen Elizabeth observe that she was quite free from two of Elizabeth's salient faults, personal vanity and faithlessness. Truthfulness and honor were the basis of her character and as she was above deception herself, so she had a horror of deceit in others. She thought that international policy ought to be straight-forward and sometimes remonstrated against courses of action which seemed open to reproach on that score.—James Bryce in North American Review.

A Monster of Learning.

The famous Cardinal Mezzofanti knew an amazing number of languages and dialects. Perhaps he is best known to the modern English reader from the eulogy to be found in one of Byron's memoranda, published by Moore.

"Your literary everyday man and I," says Byron, "never went well in company, especially your foreigner, whom I never could abide. I don't remember a man among them whom I ever wished to see twice, except perhaps Mezzofanti, who is a monster of learning, the Briareus of parts of speech, a walking polyglot and, more, who ought to have existed at the time of the tower of Babel as universal interpreter. He is indeed a marvel—unassuming also. I tried him in all the tongues of which I knew a single oath (or adjuration to the gods against postboys, savages, Tartars, boatmen, sailors, pilots, gondoliers, muleters, camel drivers, vetturini, postmasters, posthorses, post houses, post everything), and he astounded me, even to my English."—Atlanta Constitution.

Law Against Teeth and Hair.

"There was a law once against false teeth," said the antiquary, flashing his superb set in a wide smile. "Yes, and if your wife wore false teeth or hair you could divorce her."

He took down a curious old book to prove his statement and read the following from a British act of parliament of 1670:

"That all women, of whatever age, rank, profession or degree, whether virgins, maids or widows, that shall from after the passing of this act impose upon, seduce and betray into matrimony any of his majesty's male subjects by scents, paints, cosmetics, washes, artificial teeth, false hair, Spanish wool, iron stays, hoops or high heeled shoes shall incur the penalty of the laws now in force against witchcraft, sorcery and such like misdemeanor, and that the marriage, upon conviction, shall stand null and void."—Atlanta Constitution.

Not Proud.

San Francisco is chuckling over a story about Battling Nelson, the conqueror of Joe Gans, the "old master."

Nelson appeared in a fashionable restaurant a day or two after the fight. His presence made a sensation. He was stared at as though he had been a pretty girl in a sheath skirt.

It happened that an English woman of title was dining in the restaurant. She expressed a desire to meet the champion, and one of her companions quickly arranged the matter with Nelson's second or third assistant business manager.

"Battling Nelson—Countess Exe. Shake hands with him, countess. There ain't no pride about him. He'll let you."—Washington Star.

The Hoop Snake.

The universe is eager to hear what President Roosevelt has to say on any and all subjects. But is he really up on snakes? By nature he is down on them. What does he know of the hoop snake of the South? Thousands of men could be presented to him who would swear to the existence of such a creature. It forms itself into a hoop, when offended, by taking its tail into its mouth, and chases its enemy by rolling along the highway at terrific speed. If the enemy hides behind a tree this wonderful serpent, going too fast to turn aside, strikes the trunk with such force as to bury its spiked tail in the bark. This anchorage renders it helpless and the enemy either escapes or kills Mr. Hoople.—New York Press.

The coinage for the Philippine Islands during the fiscal year ended included more than 25,000,000 pieces valued at $18,121,825, or more than the total silver coinage for the United States.

The average missionary contribution for each pupil in the Sunday schools is higher in the Episcopal denomination than any other.

With the Funny Fellows

SCIENCE VS. FREE SPEECH.

They're married just a month today,
And yet they do not speak.
No frown appears upon his face,
Her looks are calm and meek.
But he with care is chewing
A mouthful of hot meat.
While she is fletcherizing
A dish of shredded wheat.
—Chicago Record-Herald.

BURDENED ENOUGH.

"I hope, driver, you will not run away with me!"

"Bless yer, no, mum! I've got a wife and six kids at home already!"—London Opinion.

A SAFE SENTRY.

Officer (to new recruit doing "sentry go" for the first time)—Now, mind you let no one go by without challenging them.

Recruit—That's all right, guv'nor. Don't you worry. The slightest noise wakes me up.—Punch.

THERMOMETER.

Knicker—We don't know how hot we are till we look at the thermometer.

Bocker—And we don't know how prosperous we are till we look at the stock market.—New York Sun.

VERY RARE.

"It's a peculiar wedding."

"As to how?"

"Neither family seems to think its offspring is getting buncoed."—Kansas City Journal.

NOT CALCULATED ON.

"A man should never have any secrets from his wife."

"Why not?"

"It isn't the thing to do."

"But hasn't he sworn to make her happy?"—Nashville American.

NOT EXACTLY PROPER.

Him—How do you like my duck suit?

Her—It looks like a misnomer to me.

Him—A misnomer?

Her—Yes; it makes you look more like a goose.—Boston Post.

BETTER THAN BEAUTY.

"Yes, she advertised for a husband and got 2,700 replies."

"Gracious! She must have advertised herself as very beautiful."

"No, she didn't. She just said she had $700 in the bank."—Cleveland Plain Dealer.

SHINING EXAMPLES.

"I started to tell my wife about a woman who made her own fall gown."

"Well?"

"She capped my story with one about a man who made a million dollars."—Louisville Courier Journal.

LET US HOPE SO.

Knicker—Taft has a sense of humor.

Bocker—Perhaps that might keep him from making the Sylph his yacht.—Judge.

PERFECTLY IMPARTIAL.

"I want a kiss, darling," he murmured.

"What cheek!" she declared.

"Either will do," he answered.—Baltimore American.

JUST SO.

"The automobile is rapidly dividing the public into two classes."

"Yes; the quick or the dead."—Puck.

A LECTURE WAITING.

"I spent some of my salary today. I think even a married man has the right to do so."

"There's a great deal to be said on that subject."

"Well, I guess my wife will be equal to saying it all."—Washington Herald.

A DISTINCTION.

"Such men as you are a tax on the community," growled the rich man at the tramp.

"Well, we're not a personal tax, anyway. Otherwise you'd swear us off."—New York Times.

NEITHER.

"See here, I'm tired of complaining about those noises. Shall I appeal to the police or leave it to Heaven?"

"Don't say anything to the police," replied the janitor, soothingly. "Leave it to me."—New York Times.

DANGERS OF HUNTING.

Cholly—Did you shoot the guide?

Algy—Yes so awkward; you can't put on speed and get away.—New York Sun.

THE MOTORIST.

Knicker—Where do you keep your speedometer?

Bocker—On the cop's machine.—New York Sun.

CURIOUS.

"Mamma?"

What, dearie?"

"Why do chickens have combs when they ain't got any hair?"—Farmers' Home Journal.
]

MY OWN FAMILY USE PE-RU-NA.

HON. GEORGE W. HONEY.

Hon. George W. Honey, National Chaplain U. V. U., ex-Chaplain Fourth Wisconsin Cavalry, ex-Treasurer State of Wisconsin, and ex-Quartermaster General State of Texas G. A. R., writes from 1700 First St., N. E., Washington, D. C., as follows:

"I cannot too highly recommend your preparation for the relief of ***catarrhal troubles in their various forms.*** Some members of my own family have used it with most gratifying results. When other remedies failed, ***Peruna proved most efficacious*** and I cheerfully certify to its curative excellence."

Mr. Fred L. Hebard, for nine years a leading photographer of Kansas City, Mo., located at the northeast corner of 12th and Grand Aves., cheerfully gives the following testimony: "It is a proven fact that Peruna will cure ***catarrh and la grippe,*** and as a ***tonic it has no equal.*** Druggists have tried to make me take something else 'just as good,' but Peruna is good enough for me."

Pe-ru-na in Tablet Form.

For two years Dr. Hartman and his assistants have incessantly labored to create Peruna in tablet form, and their strenuous labors have just been crowned with success. People who object to liquid medicines can now secure Peruna tablets, which represent the solid medicinal ingredients of Peruna.

Professional Interest.

A one-legged beggar for years had his station against a certain lamp post near Central Park. Supported by crutches, he offered to the passersby such trifles as shoe laces, pencils and collar buttons. Benevolent Mr. White was among his regular patrons, many of whom frequently gave without asking for his wares in return.

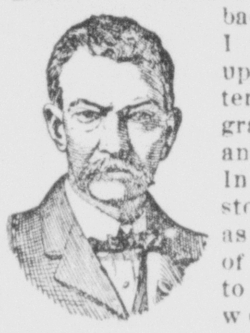
One evening about 11 o'clock Mr. White was walking back from a dinner party, and coming up behind the mendicant, was considerably startled to see him unstrapping his supposedly missing leg, preparatory to going home.

"Well, my friend," said the gentleman, "I should think you would get very stiff indeed, being bound up like that all day."

The rascal looked at him keenly for a moment. Then he said, "What's your line, partner?"

AWFUL GRAVEL ATTACKS.

Cured by Doan's Kidney Pills After Years of Suffering.



F. A. Rippy, Depot Ave., Gallatin, Tenn., says: "Fifteen years ago kidney disease attacked me. The pain in my back was so agonizing I finally had to give up work. Then came terrible attacks of gravel with acute pain and passages of blood. In all I passed 25 stones, some as large as a bean. Nine years of this ran me down to a state of continual weakness and I thought I never would be better until I began using Doan's Kidney Pills. The improvement was rapid and since using four boxes I am cured and have never had any return of the trouble."

Sold by all dealers. 50 cents a box. Foster-Milburn Co., Buffalo, N. Y.

Omissions of History.

The American colonists had just enunciated the doctrine that all governments derive their just powers from the consent of the governed.

"How perfectly absurd," exclaimed King George III. "Why, a man can't even govern his family on that principle!"

Laughing uproariously, he gave orders that a few regiments of soldiers be shipped over at once to crush the incipient rebellion.—Chicago Tribune.

PRESCRIBED CUTICURA

After Other Treatment Failed—Raw Eczema on Baby's Face Had Lasted Three Months—At Last Doctor Found Cure.

"Our baby boy broke out with eczema on his face when one month old. One place on the side of his face the size of a nickel was raw like beefsteak for three months, and he would cry out when I bathed the parts that were sore and broken out. I gave him three months' treatment from a good doctor, but at the end of that time the child was no better. Then my doctor recommended Cuticura. After using a cake of Cuticura Soap, a third of a box of Cuticura Ointment, and half a bottle of Cuticura Resolvent he was well and his face was as smooth as any baby's. He is now two years and a half old and no eczema has reappeared. Mrs. M. L. Harris, Alton, Kan., May 14 and June 12, 1907."

One of His Melancholy Days.

After a sojourn of two or three days in the country the professor had returned home and was cleaning up his badly littered lawn.

"Leaves of absence!" he commented, rakishly.

It's the judgment of many smokers that Lewis' Single Binder 5c cigar equals in quality the best 10c cigar.

The HOME

A GOOD MIXER.

The slang phrase "a good mixer" has a peculiar meaning when applied to a man. It seems never to have been used as descriptive of women. But why not? Some women might wear the title with distinction, although in a little different sense. For generations women have been engaged in "mixing" reluctant elements. Flour and butter in their hands have combined into flaky biscuits; and uncongenial cousins have made up an agreeable family party. A woman at the head of a large household has need to be a good mixer. She may have three generations under her roof and dependent upon her care. With the children she must be as a child; with the grandmother she must see the wisdom of age, even beneath its feebleness; for the wilful son she must mingle ready sympathy and firm control. Woman's service in village or church is often that of welding together obstinate and diverse elements. For her there must be no Democrats or Republicans, no Methodists or Catholics, when she has in hand some measure for the common good. The shade trees in a certain village are a growing memorial to a woman who got the Second Adventists and the Congregationalists together, and set them in pairs to digging the same holes, instead of working on opposite sides of the street. She was a good mixer herself, and like all of that brotherhood she was the cause that good mixing should be in others. In this world of strifes and misunderstandings and petty frictions, the rarest and dearest of her sex is the woman who goes on her way—a smile on her lips and a gentle persuasive spoon in hand—measuring and mingling contrary tastes and dispositions and ambitions, and adding to the combination that subtle one-knows-not-what of personality which is the crowning grace of a good mixer.—Youth's Companion.

THE WOMAN TO AVOID.

The woman who is eternally fingering you, touching your ribbons or rumpling your frock as she talks.

The woman who is always telling you she hasn't been warm this summer.

The one who clamors constantly for a thermometer, and is always comparing this summer's heat with the season of '76 or '98, or any other sizzling year that we would much rather forget.

She who casually says to the crowd, "Let's go for ice cream," then allows someone else to set it up.

The woman who hints to go out in your car or writes to invite herself to your country home.

The woman who will eat green fruit, crabs and lemonade, then keeps you up all night listening to her groans.

The sufferer from the heat who cannot resist the summer sale even at the risk of coming home in an ambulance.

The woman who borrows your best summer frock to copy in cheap materials, and sends it home only fit for the wash tub.

The dearest foe who always tells you to wear pink when your hair is red, and ecru when your skin is a sallow leather tinge.

The woman who gushes over you one day and looks through you the next.

She who favors light lunches of spring onions and cold tea, and then insists on tete-a-tetes on the moon-lit porch.—Pittsburg Dispatch.

NEW USES FOR NEEDLEWORK.

No more interesting pastime can be found than raffia needlework. This sounds like a contradiction in terms, for it is customary to associate raffia entirely with basketry. Many other uses have been found for raffia, however, and most attractive and easily achieved results are obtained with it.

Linen crash darned with raffia is most fascinating work and one in which artistic results are readily obtained.

Silver gray crash, scrim, undyed burlap, coarse towelling or oatmeal cloth is effective for this purpose. The designs chosen should be of the simplest variety. Tulips, leaves, marigolds or simple conventional designs can be adopted for this work.

Mabel Tuke Priestman writes interestingly of this work in Harper's Bazar.

She advises the use of the finest strands of raffia and a fine darning needle.

It is well when working with fine strands of raffia to dampen them, to keep them smooth.

"Raffia may also be used to ornament the grass pillows that are sold for porch use," says the article quoted. "Some strong bit of color introduced in some quaint design adds no little to these simple porch furnishings. Any of the floral designs would be very attractive when worked on grass cloth, and could be used for lamp shades with good effect. This has not yet been done, but its novelty should make it the more interesting. As it would not be so effective made in the fluted kind the shade would be better made up in panel shape; dragon flies or flower motifs could be worked across the bottom of each panel, edges of which should be outlined with a cotton gimp—preferably green—to match the shades of the leaves."

DRESSMAKER AN ARTIST.

When is a dressmaker an artist and when a mere workwoman? Mme. Azenor claimed in the courts that she is an artist, and the courts have decided that she is. She was "premiere" at a ladies' tailor's, and was discharged without notice as a mere workwoman. She was hurt, not only in her pocket, but in her feelings, as she is an artist, and consequently an employee, and, therefore, it seems, entitled to one month's notice according to law. The court went into the matter, and found that "Dame Azenor" was employed "to create models." In the discharge of her duties she was called upon "to frequent race meetings, theatres and concerts and to consult engravings and prints." Truly, in the workshop she made up her models, or, rather, as the court put it, in grander language, "realized her conceptions" with her own hands. But in so doing she did not discharge the duties of a mere workwoman. She "did the work of an inventor, and one may say, to a certain extent, that of a creative artist." Once her models were built up by her own hands and brains the mere manual labor was left to workwomen. Therefore, "Dame Azenor," who realizes her conceptions, is entitled to a full month's salary, to wit, £16. The legal precedent now laid down that a "premiere" is an artist has duly impressed the world of the Rue de la Paix.—London Daily Telegraph.

THE STORE GIRL.

It is common report that the majority of saleswomen in large department stores are paid less than a living wage, and that the demands of their position for tasteful dressing and good grooming leave practically nothing of their salary for food and lodging. Smith's Magazine has an important article by Annette Austin, based upon the author's investigations into the real condition of the store girl in some of our large cities. Miss Austin writes:

"Do you know," she said tensely, "what the worst thing about workin' in a store is? It's the feelin' that you haven't got any future. It's the feelin' that you haven't a chance, like other girls, to enjoy life, to make friends and to marry. It's the feelin' that you are working your life away here, day in and day out, just a part of a machine, and nothing to show for it in the end. Do you know," she continued, breathing heavily with emotion, "where the most of the money goes that we make in the store? It goes back into the store—into the same store—to pay for the clothes we wear at work. And the rest goes to pay for some gloomy little hole like this that's 'respectable' for a nice girl to live in."

FASHION NOTES.

Stripes, have, for nearly a year been more the vogue than checks.

Half shoes that have patent leather vamps and heel caps, with pale gray cloth above. These are laced with gray silk ribbon tied in a wide bow.

Immense Russian combs for evening placed at the top of the two long puffs worn at back of head.

Pockets on coats run across the hips on the bias, with three-inch scalloped flaps cut to exaggerated points at the back.

A pretty use of cretonne is to cut out the flowers and applique them to lawn or scrim for bureau, pillow or pin cushion covers.

The idea that materials for winter street wear must be heavy is, happily, relegated to the past. Such costumes should be light in weight, and, therefore, easy to carry and comfortable.

Women in half mourning are wearing the white linen collars with black embroidered eyelets which are so neat, and in extremely good taste.

Plain hand tucked net is very much used in combination with thin organdies and summer silks. The yokes and long mousquetaire sleeves are entirely made of the net closely tucked.

The ready-made coat in lace or braid is not expensive, and if fashioned at home has much individuality.

White tulle blouses for half mourning have jabots of the same, with an edging of black tulle about two inches wide.

There is something unquestionably chic about the short "ruffs' which just reach around the throat and fasten at the left side with wide ribbons, that fall off over the shoulder.

RED HAIR.

I can never understand why women have such a craze for scarlet hair. It is by no means generally becoming, and when unnaturally procured, it is usually obstrusively vulgar, while as to its sincerity, it could not deceive the veriest babe or suckling. Why wear a mass of scarlet, almost cerise, curls, when your face is wrinkled and the hair on your temple grows greywards?—London Madame.

This woman says Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound saved her life. Read her letter.

Mrs. T. C. Willadsen, of Manning, Iowa, writes to Mrs. Pinkham:

"I can truly say that Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound saved my life, and I cannot express my gratitude to you in words. For years I suffered with the worst forms of female complaints, continually doctoring and spending lots of money for medicine without help. I wrote you for advice, followed it as directed, and took Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound and it has restored me to perfect health. Had it not been for you I should have been in my grave to-day. I wish every suffering woman would try it."

FACTS FOR SICK WOMEN.

For thirty years Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound, made from roots and herbs, has been the standard remedy for female ills, and has positively cured thousands of women who have been troubled with displacements, inflammation, ulceration, fibroid tumors, irregularities, periodic pains, backache, that bearing-down feeling, flatulency, indigestion, dizziness, or nervous prostration. Why don't you try it?

Mrs. Pinkham invites all sick women to write her for advice. She has guided thousands to health. Address, Lynn, Mass.

A Wide Range.

When the surgeon who happened to be spending a night at Bushby Inn had set the broken leg of the weather-beaten stranger who was the chief victim of an automobile accident, the patient looked up at him anxiously. "See here, doc," he said, in a husky voice, "I haven't got much of any money; would you take out your fee in trade?"

"Yes, I guess so," said the surgeon, cheerfully. "What is your trade?"

"Well, I've got a number of things I can do soon as I'm on my feet again," said the patient. "I can hang window-blinds, or I can put on lightning-rods, or I can play the cornet; and I do 'em all first-rate, if I'm the one to say it, doc."

In Justification.

Police Justice—This man charges you with stealing his watch, and the charge seems to be sustained. You were found with the watch in your possession.

Prisoner—Y'r honor, it ain't so; I didn't steal it. I met him on the street and asked him what time it was. He said it was 4 o'clock. I says, 'I don't believe that watch is right,' and he says, 'You bet it's right! It's just 4 o'clock; you can take it from me.' Well, y'r honor, the first chance I got I took it from him, and now he's kickin' about it!"

Experienced the Sensations.

"Have you been away on any vacation this summer?"

"No; I expected to go, and sent my suitcases on ahead, but something turned up at the last moment that prevented the trip. I got all the effect of a vacation, though. The suitcases came back last week with $7.75 storage and express charges on them."

WHY suffer with eye troubles, quick relief by using PETTIT'S EYE SALVE, 25c. All druggists or Howard Bros., Buffalo, N. Y.

The envelope was invented in 1683 and was in disfavor for a long time.

Mrs. Winslow's Soothing Syrup for Children teething; softens the gums, reduces inflammation, allays pain, cures wind colic. 25 cents a bottle.

SICK HEADACHE

CARTER'S LITTLE LIVER PILLS.

Positively cured by these Little Pills.

They also relieve Distress from Dyspepsia, Indigestion and Too Hearty Eating. A perfect remedy for Dizziness, Nausea, Drowsiness, Bad Taste in the Mouth, Coated Tongue, Pain in the Side, TORPID LIVER. They regulate the Bowels. Purely Vegetable.

SMALL PILL. SMALL DOSE. SMALL PRICE.

CARTER'S LITTLE LIVER PILLS.

Genuine Must Bear Fac-Simile Signature

Brent Good

REFUSE SUBSTITUTES.

Low Rates to California, Oregon, Washington, Idaho, Utah, Colorado, Montana, Wyoming and other Western States, on SHIPMENTS OF HOUSEHOLD GOODS AND EMIGRANT MOVABLES. Address THE AMERICAN FORWARDING CO., 188 Madison St., Chicago, Ill., or 355 Ellicott Square, Buffalo, N.Y.

FOR SALE FINEST LANDS IN THE NORTH-WEST. 40,000 ACRES of choice land in the celebrated CLOVER BELT OF WISCONSIN, all within a few miles of three railroads; good roads and schools; terms and price on tracts of 40 acres and up reasonable. Write for information.

SETTLERS ESPECIALLY DESIRED.

John S. Owen Lumber Co., Owen, Wis.

GINSENG Golden Seal (Medicinal Plant Culture) beats all for easy money on the side. Work delightful, profits IMMENSE. We got $28 last fall for one small market basket of roots, 7 lbs., from ground 5 x 16 ft. Information, 2c. Booklet, 10 cts silver. Medicinal Plant Gardens, Indianapolis, Ind

Waiting and Waiting.

Old puns may be as refreshing as new ones; it all depends on the perpetrator. A man who called himself George Arnold, says a writer in Philippines Gossip, succeeded pretty well. He was before a police court judge on the charge of stealing a ride on a train to Dagupan.

"Where were you?" asked Judge Low, referring to his former place of abode.

"In Manila," was the reply. "I was waiting."

"Waiting for whom?"

"Just waiting."

"What were you waiting for?"

"To get my money."

"Who from?"

"The man I was waiting for."

"What did he owe it to you for?"

"For waiting."

"How did you start in waiting?"

"By beginning to wait."

"What do you mean? Explain yourself."

"I thought you knew I was waiting in a restaurant."

"Oh!" gasped the Judge.

Leap-Year.

The somewhat elderly but still handsome and well-preserved bachelor had long been an admirer of the young lady, but never had dared to tell her so. At last, however, he mustered courage to say:

"Miss Jessie, I wish I were twenty years younger."

"Why so?" she asked.

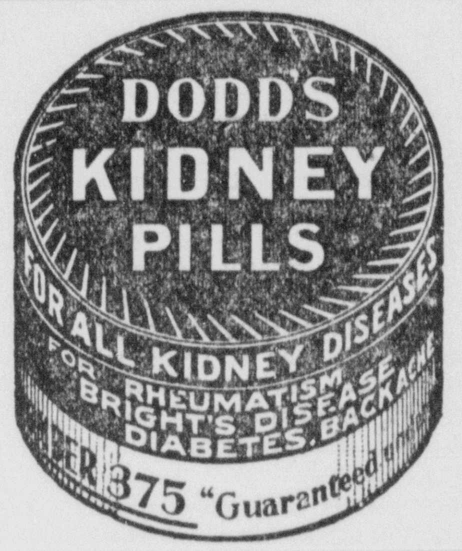
"Because then I should be bold enough, perhaps, to ask you to marry me."

With a charming smile she shook her head.

"I should have to tell you no, Mr. Baxter," she said. "If you were twenty years younger you would be—er—a great deal too young for me."

He took the hint—and a little while later the young lady, too.

With the wind in a favorable direction, the fox can scent danger a quarter of a mile.



DYSPEPSIA

"Having taken your wonderful "Cascarets" for three months and being entirely cured of stomach catarrh and dyspepsia, I think a word of praise is due to "Cascarets" for their wonderful composition. I have taken numerous other so-called remedies but without avail and I find that Cascarets relieve more in a day than all the others I have taken would in a year."
James McGune, 108 Mercer St., Jersey City, N. J.

Best For The Bowels

Cascarets

CANDY CATHARTIC

THEY WORK WHILE YOU SLEEP

Pleasant, Palatable, Potent, Taste Good, Do Good, Never Sicken, Weaken or Gripe, 10c, 25c, 50c. Never sold in bulk. The genuine tablet stamped CCC. Guaranteed to cure or your money back.

Sterling Remedy Co., Chicago or N.Y. 592

ANNUAL SALE, TEN MILLION BOXES

One of the Essentials

of the happy homes of to-day is a vast fund of information as to the best methods of promoting health and happiness and right living and knowledge of the world's best products.

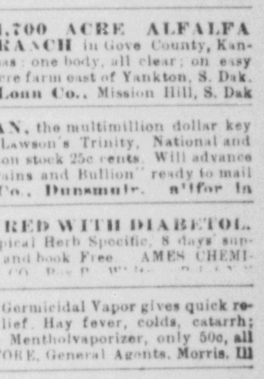
Products of actual excellence and reasonable claims truthfully presented and which have attained to world-wide acceptance through the approval of the Well-Informed of the World; not of individuals only, but of the many who have the happy faculty of selecting and obtaining the best the world affords.

One of the products of that class, of known component parts, an Ethical remedy, approved by physicians and commended by the Well-Informed of the World as a valuable and wholesome family laxative is the well-known Syrup of Figs and Elixir of Senna. To get its beneficial effects always buy the genuine, manufactured by the California Fig Syrup Co., only, and for sale by all leading druggists.

Paxtine

TOILET ANTISEPTIC

Keeps the breath, teeth, mouth and body antiseptically clean and free from unhealthy germ-life and disagreeable odors, which water, soap and tooth preparations alone cannot do. A germicidal, disinfecting and deodorizing toilet requisite of exceptional excellence and economy. Invaluable for inflamed eyes, throat and nasal and uterine catarrh. At drug and toilet stores, 50 cents, or by mail postpaid.



Large Trial Sample

WITH "HEALTH AND BEAUTY" BOOK SENT FREE

THE PAXTON TOILET CO., Boston, Mass.

FREE!

Send for booklet giving full information regarding our 6 per cent Debenture Bonds, secured by First Mortgage on Real Estate, interest payable semi-annually. We transact a regular banking business, pay interest on Time Certificates. Organized under the laws of Montana, subject to State examination. Mention [illegible] First Trust & Savings Bank, Billings

NO WET FEET NO RHEUMATISM—"Enamitine" Waterproofs Shoes, keep soles and heels from wearing. Makes everlasting shine, saves dollars in shoe bills, shines. 25 cents by mail, to introduce. E. Snaidemen, Suite 1107, Builders Exchange, New York

CAMDEN WOOLENS
Ladies and Gents' Suitings
Direct From Factory. Write for Samples.
F. A. PACKARD, Box 105, Camden, Maine

IMPROVED 1,700 ACRE ALFALFA RANCH in Gove County, Kansas: one body, all clear; on easy terms; must be sold. Also 420 acre farm east of Yankton, S. Dak. Southern Real Estate & Loan Co., Mission Hill, S. Dak

COPPER VULCAN, the multimillion dollar key mine to Lawson's Trinity, National and Balaklala, Smelters. Exploration stock 25c cents. Will advance 1000 per cent. and again. "Brains and Bullion" ready to mail you. Shasta Brokerage Co., Dunsmuir, [illegible]

DIABETES CURED WITH DIABETOL. Tropical Herb Specific, 8 days' supply and book Free. AMES CHEMI- [illegible]

NEW DISCOVERY Germicidal Vapor gives quick relief. Hay fever, colds, catarrh; simple home treatment: Euca Mentholvaporizer, only 50c, all druggists. BROWN DRUG STORE, General Agents, Morris, Ill

Invest Your Money in a business proposition; big profits; no mining or get-rich-quick scheme; very closest investigation invited. C. D. BRENNER, Atchison, Kan

LEARN HOW To Earn $25 to $50 Weekly. No capital required; no canvassing. Send for particulars. Box 1106, Los Angeles, California

$100 Month Guaranteed on $500 Investment; guarantee deposited in bank. Address E. J. Applegate, Reading, Mich., or H. Manley, Webb City, Mo

WANTED Ladies and girls to copy advertising letters at home spare time; good pay; cash weekly; write for particulars. W. W. WOOD, Helena, Arkansas

If afflicted with sore Eyes, use Thompson's Eye Water

S. N. U. No. 40—1908

IN WRITING TO ADVERTISERS, please do not fail to mention you saw the Advertisement in this paper.

MULE TEAM BORAX

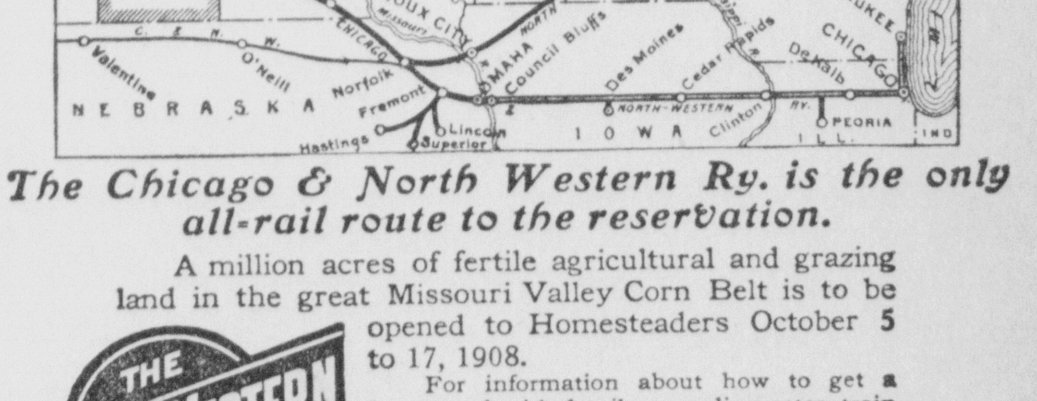
by softening the water, cleans the skin thoroughly, removes odor of perspiration and renders the skin soft and velvety.

All dealers. Sample, Booklet and Parlor Card Game "WHIZ," 10c. Pacific Coast Borax Co., Chicago, Ill.

ROSEBUD GOVERNMENT LANDS

BEST REACHED FROM DALLAS

Dallas and Gregory, S. D., are reached only by the Chicago & North Western Railway. They are the only towns on the reservation border. Dallas and Gregory are the main registering points. President Roosevelt has designated Dallas for the final drawing October 19, 1908.



The Chicago & North Western Ry. is the only all-rail route to the reservation.

A million acres of fertile agricultural and grazing land in the great Missouri Valley Corn Belt is to be opened to Homesteaders October 5 to 17, 1908.

THE NORTH-WESTERN LINE

For information about how to get a homestead with details regarding rates, train schedules, address

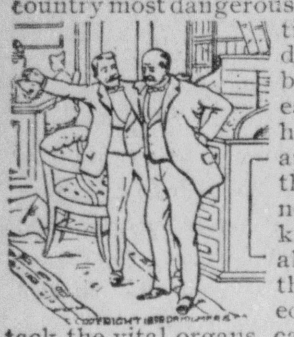
W. B. KNISKERN
Pass'r Traffic Mgr., C. & N. W. Ry.
Chicago, Ill.

NW781

PUTNAM FADELESS DYES

Color more goods brighter and faster colors than any other dye. One 10c package colors all fibers. They dye in cold water better than any other dye. You can dye any garment without ripping apart. Write for free booklet—How to Dye, Bleach and Mix Colors. MONROE DRUG CO., Quincy, Illinois

The Cause of Many Sudden Deaths.



There is a disease prevailing in this country most dangerous because so deceptive. Many sudden deaths are caused by it—heart disease, pneumonia, heart failure or apoplexy are often the result of kidney disease. If kidney trouble is allowed to advance the kidney-poisoned blood will attack the vital organs, causing catarrh of the bladder, or the kidneys themselves break down and waste away cell by cell.

Bladder troubles almost always result from a derangement of the kidneys and a cure is obtained quickest by a proper treatment of the kidneys. If you are feeling badly you can make no mistake by taking Dr. Kilmer's **Swamp-Root,** the great kidney, liver and bladder remedy.

It corrects inability to hold urine and scalding pain in passing it, and overcomes that unpleasant necessity of being compelled to go often through the day, and to get up many times during the night. The mild and the extraordinary effect of Swamp-Root is soon realized. It stands the highest for its wonderful cures of the most distressing cases.

Swamp-Root is pleasant to take and is sold by all druggists in fifty-cent and one-dollar size bottles. You may have a sample bottle of this wonderful new discovery and a book that tells all about it, both sent free by mail. Address, Dr. Kilmer & Co., Binghamton, N. Y. When writing mention reading this generous offer in this paper. Don't make any mistake, but remember the name, Swamp-Root, Dr. Kilmer's Swamp-Root, and the address, Binghamton, N. Y., on every bottle.

COAL

BEST GRADE

Pittsburg, Indiana and Anthracite

Good Beech Wood

For Cooking and Heating

H. F. WHITE

'Phone No 1.

"Will Go on Your Bond"

Will write any kind of

INSURANCE

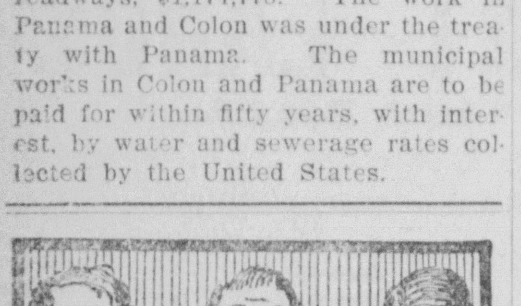
Clark B. Davis

LOANS NOTARY

Excellent Health Advice.

Mrs. M. M. Davison, of No. 379 Gifford Ave., San Jose, Cal., says: "The worth of Electric Bitters as a general family remedy, for headache, biliousness and torpor of the liver and bowels is so pronounced that I am prompted to say a word in its favor, for the benefit of those seeking relief from such afflictions. There is more health for the digestive organs in a bottle of Electric Bitters than in any other remedy I know of." Sold under guarantee at W. F. Peter drug store. 50c.

Washington, Oct. 17.—Municipal improvements made by Americans in Panama, Colon and the canal zone, up to the close of the fiscal year 1908, amounted to $5,770,750, embracing waterworks and sewers in Panama, $853,849; in Colon, $601,043, and in the zone, $2,358,840; paving Panama, $489,007; Colon, $293,231, and the zone roadways, $1,174,778. The work in Panama and Colon was under the treaty with Panama. The municipal works in Colon and Panama are to be paid for within fifty years, with interest, by water and sewerage rates collected by the United States.



CHALLENGE!

We challenge anyone to produce a case of Eczema or other skin disease that

Dr. Taylor's ECZEMA REMEDY

will not cure.

It is the only absolute panacea for all blood diseases and skin eruptions. Thousands of testimonials to show you.

Send for photos of recent cures.

Sold under absolute guarantee to cure or money refunded.

Not a single instance of failure. If you would be cured get it today.

W. F. PETER DRUG CO.,

SEYMOUR, INDIANA.

OUR BIG FLEET'S WARM WELCOME

The Japanese Do Everything To Show Friendship.

CORDIAL OFFICIAL GREETING

In the Formal Exchange of Amenities at Great State Banquet at Yokohama, It Was Made Plain That Nothing Is Ever Likely to Occur to Break the Traditional Friendship Which Has Existed Since the First Acquaintance Between the Japanese and Ourselves—Magnificent Scene in Harbor.

Yokohama, Oct. 19.—Storm-battered but magnificent, the American battleship fleet lies in the harbor, the assemblage making a display unprecedented in the history of Yokohama. Shortly after the ships came to anchor, the mist which had shut out their coming, cleared and a light breeze carried away the smoke from the saluting guns, revealing from the shore front the lines of white American ships of war, backed by the gray of the Japanese. Scores of small craft chartered by individuals and associations darted in and out among the battleships, the American Asiatic association being among those to give the heartiest welcome. Two thousand school children sang the American national anthem.

The ships show the effect of the tremendous battering of the waves, which is described by old officials as the worst they have encountered. The Kearsarge, which got separated from the fleet, only picked up the others early Sunday morning, and is still undergoing repairs. Rear Admiral Sperry said immediately after anchoring that he was glad to arrive in Japan and that he greatly appreciated the evidences of a sincere welcome. Commander John A. Dougherty, the American naval attache at Tokio, who came here to take part in the welcome to the fleet, boarded the Connecticut and discussed the program with the admiral.

The moment the fleet dropped anchor, the admirals in formal dress, hastened from the flagships of the various divisions to the flagship of the fleet, the Connecticut, which was also boarded by the Japanese subordinate officers who came to arrange details. Shortly the commander-in-chief and the other admirals accompanied by their staffs, entered a motor boat and proceeded to the flagship Mikasa of the Japanese fleet, to pay an official call upon Vice Admiral Sir Gero Ijuin. The Japanese admiral immediately returned the call. Vice Admiral Ijuin was given a hearty welcome by Admiral Sperry on board the Connecticut. After a brief visit the Japanese departed, and as they went down the side the Japanese flag was broken out at the mainmast and the guns belched forth a salute.

A short time later, Francis B. Loomis, United States commissioner to the Tokio exposition, accompanied by Mrs. Loomis, John C. O'Laughlin and Mrs. O'Laughlin and Acting Consul General Babbitt, called upon Rear Admiral Sperry and paid their respects. They were given fifteen guns as they left the ship. In the meantime visits were exchanged between the captains of all the vessels. The mayor and governor also called on the admiral and later the reception committee, the spokesman of which was M. Mate, boarded the Connecticut and bade the admiral and his men welcome in behalf of the entire nation. He thanked the Americans for their evidences of friendship and regard, to which Admiral Sperry responded in a similar strain.

In the afternoon the garden party given by the mayor of Yokohama was attended by many officers and great crowds of civilians, but the weather was unfavorable and somewhat interfered with the success of the function. Everywhere about the streets the American officers and men were treated with the greatest courtesy, being saluted always by the police and Japanese soldiers.

Crowds continued to swarm the streets about the water front all day, and at nightfall magnificent illuminations lit up the entire city. Electric lights and lanterns were swinging everywhere, and at a prominent point a huge design, in which the word "welcome" was spelled with brilliant lights, was surrounded by hundreds of American and Japanese flags. The lantern parade, in which there were many flower floats, made an inspiring spectacle as thousands upon thousands of the little Japanese in quaint costumes and bright colors took part.

All the Japanese ships were outlined in electric lights and each carried an American flag at its mainmast. Several dinners were given Sunday evening in honor of the American officers, and of which the mayor was host and Admiral Sperry the guest of honor. This was followed by a grand ball given by Governor Sufu of Managawa, at which 1,500 people were present. During the course of his speech at the dinner, Admiral Sperry said that the object of the cruise was the development of the fleet for peaceful purposes. He believed that nothing was ever likely to occur

LAME EVERY MORNING

A Bad Back is Always Worse in the Morning. Seymour People are Finding Relief.

A back that aches all day and causes discomfort is usually worse in the morning. Makes you feel as if you hadn's slept at all. Can't cure a bad back untill you cure the kidneys. Doan's Kidney Pills cure sick kidneys make you feel better, rest better and sleep better. Permanent cures in Seymour prove the merit of Doan's.

Louis Scheivich of 317 West Oak St., Seymour, Ind., says: "I have recommended Doans Kidney Pills for a long time. Prevous to taking them I suffered from pain across the small of my back accompained by a weakness that affected me so that I could hardly get about. A friend advised me to procure Doan's Kidney Pills, telling me had used them with good results. I got a box at C. W. Milhouse's drug store and used them according to pirections. I noticed great relief from the first and a continuation resulted in a cure. I conscientiously say that Doan's Kidney Pills acted just as represented.

For sale by all dealers. Price 50 cents. Foster-Milburn Co., Buffalo, New York, sole agents for the United States. Remember the name Doan's and take no other.

An organization of the Liberty League is being formed in many counties. It proposes to combat the enactment of temperance laws and to seek the repeal of the county local option measure. Its principles favor permitting a person to eat and drink whatever he desires. The league now has branches in forty-five counties of the state and proposes to take a prominent part in the coming election.

At any time when your stomach is not in good condition, you should take Kodol, because Kodol digests all the food you eat, and it supplies health and strength for the stomach in that way. You take Kodol just for a little while when you have slight attacks of Indigestion and you take it just a little longer in order to get relief from severe attacks of Indigestion or Nervous Dyspepsia. Try Kodol today. Sold by all druggist.

Farmer Killed by Colt.

Decatur, Ind., Oct. 19.—Attacked by a yearling colt, Robert Peoples, aged sixty-seven, and one of Adams county's best-known men, was killed in his barnyard. He was making an effort to drive the colt into the barn when it turned and pounced on him, hurling him to the ground. Internal injuries caused his death.

Kennedy's Laxative Cough Syrup is used nearly everywhere, because it not only heals irritation of the throat and stops the cough, but it drives the cold out of the system throught its laxative principal by assuring a free and gentle action of the bowels, and that is the only way to cure a cold. You can't cure it as long as you are constipated. Insist upon Kennedy's Laxative Cough Syrup. Sold by all druggists.

Charge Against Letter Carrier.

Chicago, Oct. 17.—Robert F. Palmer, a letter carrier at Joliet, Ills. and president of the city Letter Carrier association of Illinois was taken into custody by the police here charged by the post offices with the alleged theft of a "test letter". Palmer, who is said to be prominent in church circles at Joliet has been in the employ of the post office for eighteen years.

Kodol is a combination of the natural digestive juices and it digests all classes of food and every kind of food, so you see it will do the work that the stomach itself does. The only difference between it and the stomach is the stomach can get out of order and Kodol cannot, but Kodol can put the stomach into good order. Buy Kodol today. It is guaranteed. Sold by all druggists.

Priest's Narrow Escape.

Chicago, Oct. 19.—An attempt to assassinate Rev. J. K. Fielding, pastor of the Corpus Christi Catholic church, was made Sunday afternoon. After twice ineffectually shooting at the priest in the Sunday school hallway of the church, the would-be assassin, thought to be a Greek or Italian, ran into the street and escaped.

Do not let no one tell you that something else is just as good as DeWitt's Kidney and Bladder Pills because there isn't anything just as good for weak back, backache, rheumatic pains, inflammation of the bladder or any Kindey and bladder disorder. A week's trial will convince you. Sold by all druggists.

Postoffice Robbers.

Evansville, Ind., Oct. 19.—Robbers entered the postoffice at Jasper, worked the combination on the safe and obtained about $10 in money and over $100 in stamps.

Burns, bruises and scratches, big and little cuts or in fact anything requiring a salve, are best and quickest soothed and healed by DeWitt's Carbolized Witch Hazel Salve. The best salve for piles. Be sure you get DeWitt's. Sold by all druggists.

COMING BATTLE OF THE BALLOTS

Some Pointers Regarding the General Election.

DETAILS SET OUT BY STATES

General Elections Will Be Held in the Various States and in the Territories of Arizona and New Mexico on Nov. 3. Beside the Two Great Parties, the Prohibitionists, Socialists, Independents, Socialist Labor and Populist Parties Have an Interest in the Elections in a Number of the States.

Chicago, Oct. 19.—Elections will be held in the various states and in the territories of Arizona and New Mexico on Nov. 3. Three states, Oregon, Maine and Vermont, have held their state elections, and have named members of the next congress—the Sixty-first. Arkansas and Georgia have named state officers only and will select congressmen at the coming election. In twenty-eight states governors or other state officers are to be elected; a number of these states will also elect members of the legislature. Six states will choose justices of the supreme court or minor state officers. In seven, congressmen only are to be elected, and in two, congressmen and a legislature only.

The terms of thirty-one United States senators, eighteen Republicans and thirteen Democrats, expire March 3, 1909. Alabama, Arkansas, Louisiana and Maryland have chosen Democrats, and Kentucky a Republican, while Vermont has chosen a legislature which will name two Republicans. The present senate is composed of sixty-one Republicans and thirty-one Democrats.

Members of the national house of representatives are to be elected. Oregon, Vermont and Maine have already chosen Republican representatives. In some of the Southern states Democrats only have been nominated, while in others Prohibition, Socialist and Independence Party nominees will oppose Republicans and Democrats. The present house is composed of 391 members, 223 Republicans and 166 Democrats. There are two vacancies.

South Carolina, as usual, has only one ticket—the Democratic—for state officers. Louisiana also has but one ticket—the Democratic. In this state, however, a justice of the supreme court and a railroad commissioner are the only state officers to be elected.

The Prohibition party has tickets in twenty-one states, the Socialist in twenty-seven, the Independence party in twelve, the Socialist Labor in six, and the People's or Populist party in five, including Nebraska, where they have fused with the Democrats. The American party has one ticket in Utah.

In twenty-three states a total of ninety proposed constitutional amendments, laws, questions or propositions will be voted upon. This does not include Michigan, where a revision of the present constitution will be submitted to the voters for adoption or rejection. The amendments or proposed laws of several states are of general interest. In South Dakota the question of repealing the "one-year residence" act, which was passed by the last legislature in order to stop rapid divorces, will be submitted to the voters. Formerly suit for divorce could be brought after a six months residence in the state. Opposition to this short term of residence resulted and the one-year act was passed. The latter has been objected to in certain quarters, and petitions finally were secured for the submission of the one year act to a vote of the people at the coming election.

In Illinois the question of a lakes-to-the-gulf deep waterway will be before the people in the form of a constitutional amendment authorizing the state to issue bonds of $20,000,000 for the enterprise. A proposed income tax will be voted upon in four states—South Dakota, North Dakota, Minnesota and Wisconsin.

California is one of the latest of the states to agitate election reform. To the people there will be submitted a proposed constitutional amendment, among others, empowering the legislature to enact a direct primary law providing for the direct nomination of all candidates for public office.

Bryan Headed East.

St. Louis, Oct. 19.—William J. Bryan's final swing around the country which will carry him to the Atlantic coast, was begun here when early this morning he made an extended speech previously to crossing the Mississippi and speaking to the employes of the National Stockyards at East St Louis. From East St. Louis Mr. Bryan and party will travel in a special car for the balance of the trip, which will conclude at Lincoln on the night of Nov 2. Accompanying him are Mrs. Bryan, Private Secretary Rose, Mayor F. W. Brown of Lincoln and four correspondents. Tonight Mr. Bryan is scheduled to make four addresses in Chicago, the day being spent in the delivery of rear-end speeches from his car, which will be attached to a regular Chicago & Alton train.

S.S.S. THE CURE FOR SCROFULA

Swollen glands about the neck, weak eyes, pale, waxy complexions, running sores and ulcers, skin diseases, and general poor health, are the usual ways in which Scrofula is manifested. The disease being deeply intrenched in the blood often attacks the bones, resulting in White Swelling, or hip disease, and the scrofulous and tubercular matter so thoroughly destroys the healthful properties of the blood that Scrofula sometimes terminates in consumption, an incurable disease. The entire circulation being contaminated, the only way to cure the trouble is to thoroughly purify the blood and restore the circulation to a strong, healthy state. S. S. S. is the very best treatment for Scrofula; it renovates the entire blood supply and drives out the scrofulous and tubercular deposits. S. S. S. is the greatest of all blood purifiers, and it not only goes right down to the very bottom of the trouble and removes the cause, but it supplies the weak, diseased blood with the healthful properties it is in need of, and in this way builds up weak, frail, scrofulous persons and makes them strong and healthy. S. S. S. is a gentle, safe, vegetable preparation and is suited for persons of any age. Book on the blood containing information about Scrofula and any medical advice free.

THE SWIFT SPECIFIC CO., ATLANTA, GA.

The President and Mr. Taft.

Washington, Oct. 19.—"I expect to be elected to the presidency," said Judge Taft, standing in the east room of the White House Sunday evening, facing thirty or forty newspaper men who had congregated to meet him after he had spent the day as President Roosevelt's guest. While not especially arranged for that purpose, the secretary found in his stop here a convenient opportunity for consultation with the president, his especial champion and chief adviser, and that both were pleased with the arrangement and made the most of it was made evident by the fact that they spent practically the entire day in the company of each other and for the most part with others excluded. After a full day at the White House, the Republican candidate said farewell to the president and Mrs. Roosevelt and went to the Union station, where he boarded the special train for Newark, N. J.

She Likes Good Things.

Mrs. Chas. E. Smith, of West Franklin, Maine says; "I like good things and have adopted Dr. King's New Life Pills as our family laxative medicine, because they are good and do their work without making a fuss about it." These painless purifiers are sold at W. F. Peter. 25c

The Rev. Francis J. McConnell, Ph. D., pastor of the New York Avenue Methodist Episcopal church, Brooklyn, N. Y., has accepted a call to the presidency of DePauw university.

REPUBLICAN Want Ads. Pay.

Why James Lee got Well

Everybody in Zanesvill, O., knows Mrs. Mary Lee, of rural route 8. She writes: "My husband James Lee, firmly believes he owes his life to the the use of Dr. King's New Discovery. His lungs were so severely affected that consumption seemed inevitable, when a friend recommended New Discovery. We tried it, and it's use has restored him to perfect health." Dr. King's New Discovery is the King of throat and lung remedies. For coughs and colds it has no equal. The first dose gives relief. Try it! Sold under guarantee at W. F. Peters drug store. 50c and $1.00. Trial bottle free.

Shelbyville, Ind., Oct. 19.—James Cauley, a cigar maker, had his throat cut almost from ear to ear by George Moran. Moran is said to have been drinking. He was a blacksmith's helper, working for August Hirschauer, but was discharged. Cauley was sitting in a chair in the blacksmith's shop. Moran, thinking he was Hirschauer, drew a knife and cut him from behind. Cauley's condition is serious. Moran was arrested. Cauley's relatives live in Rushville.

For Sore Feet

"I have found Bucklen's Arnica Salve to be the proper thing to use for sore feet, as well as for healing burns, sores, cuts and all manner of abrasions," writes Mr. W. Stone, of East Poland, Maine. It is the proper thing too for piles. Try it. Sold under guarantee at W. F. Peter drug store. 25c.

Dr. H. J. Sherwood

The Chronic Specialist

Has been in Seymour since July 1st and is here to stay. Within this short time he has built up quite a large practice that is growing every day. The reason for this is that he has given each and every patient such satisfaction and so greatly benefited them that they give him a good reputation to others. His treatment for Piles; Fistula; Catarrh; Goitre; Female Complaints; Indigestion; Blood, Skin and Nervous Diseases is so far superior to treatment commonly obtained from other physicians that there is no comparison. The greatest reason for the successful way in which Dr. Sherwood handles chronic disease is that he knows all about the few diseases of which he makes a specialty and does not pretend to treat acute disease such as fever, etc. Stick to your family physician for acute troubles, but go to Dr. Sherwood for chronic ones. Consultation and examination FREE. Office. 10½ North Chestnut Street, SEYMOUR, INDIANA.

J. G. Laupus, Jeweler.

We offer a large stock of Ladies' and Gentlemen's Gold Watches, Mantel Clocks, Jewelry, Silverware, Knives, Forks, Spoons, Waterman's Fountain Pens, Libby's Fine Cut Glass and Fancy China Pieces.

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